

NIST SP-800-53 r5 – The Control Reference Layer: Taming the Beast

The Pitfalls and Opportunities in upgrading to NIST SP 800-53r5, NIST 800 171 & 172 and why we must do it now

Robin Basham, CEO, EnterpriseGRC Solutions
President, ISC2 East Bay Chapter
Presentation to ISC2 Silicon Valley, June 8th, 2021



SILICON
VALLEY



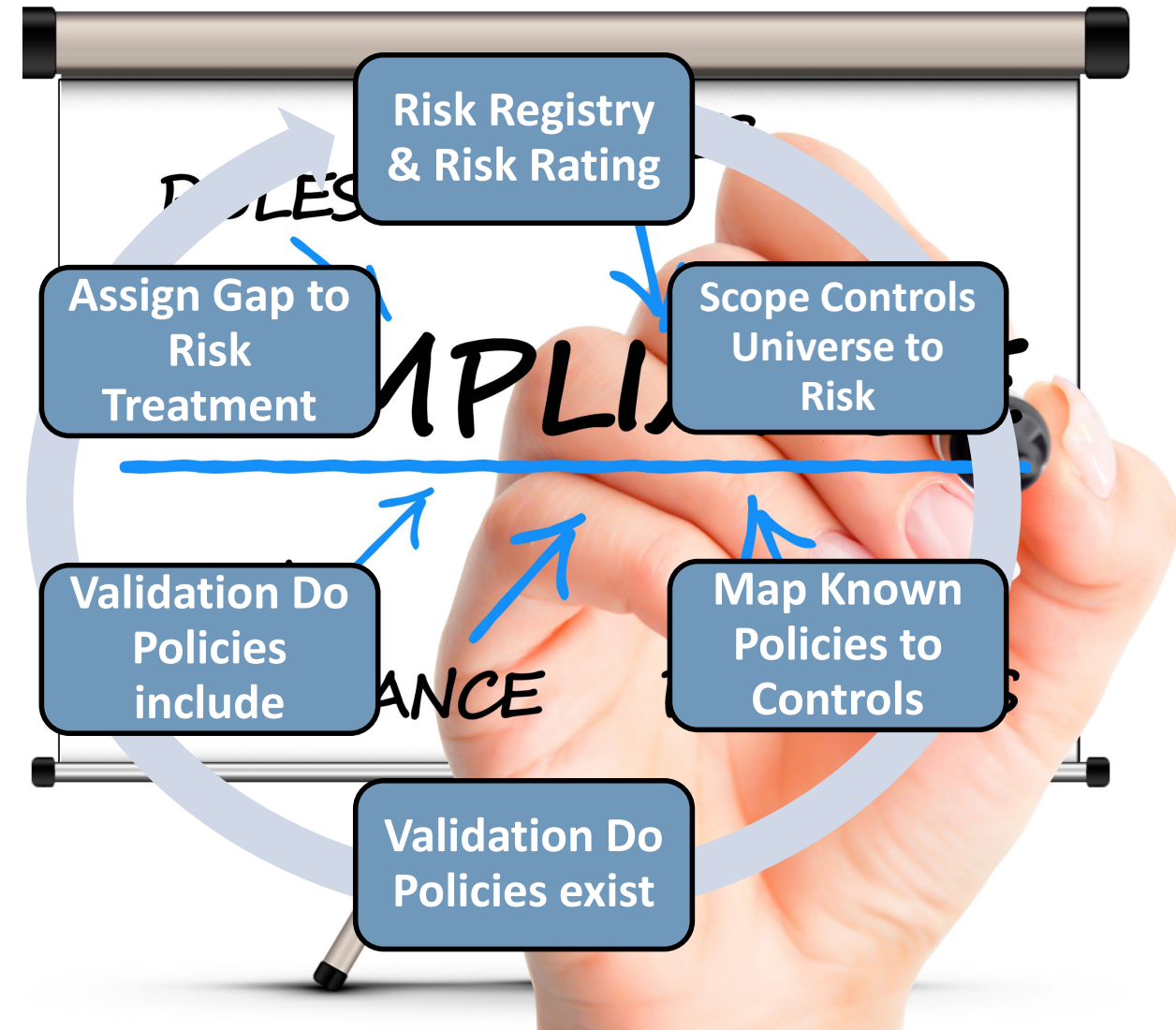
“We’d like to use NIST SP800-53 r5 as our Master Control List”

- 1 *RESOURCES / REASONS:* Companies using NIST SP 800-53 r4, must update to Rev 5.1
- 2 NIST SP 800-53 as a mediating framework is incompletely or inaccurately mapped in products; It requires updates for CIS CSC 7.1->8.1, CCM 3.1->4.0, NIST SP 800-171 r2 & NIST SP 800-172 (Cybersecurity Enhancement), plus New Tailoring Criteria
- 3 Leveraging NIST SP 800-53 r5 to complete ©AICPA SOC 2, ©HITRUST, PCI DSS 3.21, CSTAR CCM, DFARS CMMC, ©ISO/IEC 27001 plus Privacy, Processing and Cloud requires detail understanding of these frameworks – i.e., experience completing engagements to do this work, but it can be done.
- 4 Creating *useable* cyber framework mapping is an exercise that drives common language across all Policies and Programs and is necessary to meaningful resilience and compliance. NIST SP 800-53 Rev. 5 is necessary to all Security and Cyber Programs.

Reminder: Iterative steps maintain Common Controls

Change is the Constant:

- All Controls map to Risks
- Control Selection iterates with changes in Scope
- Aggregate mappings across all frameworks influence policy requirements
- Adding mapped controls requires policy validation, that they exist *and* that they include minimum expected statements
- New policy requires new risk cycle -> takes 1-2 years to fully implement



SP 800-53 R5 New Families, Attributes, and Expectations

Existing controls shifts from descriptive to outcome- based criteria:

Example “The information system ***enforces approved***” v. “***Enforce approved authorization***”

Two new control families: (PT) Personally Identifiable Information Processing and Transparency, (SR) Supply Chain Risk Management

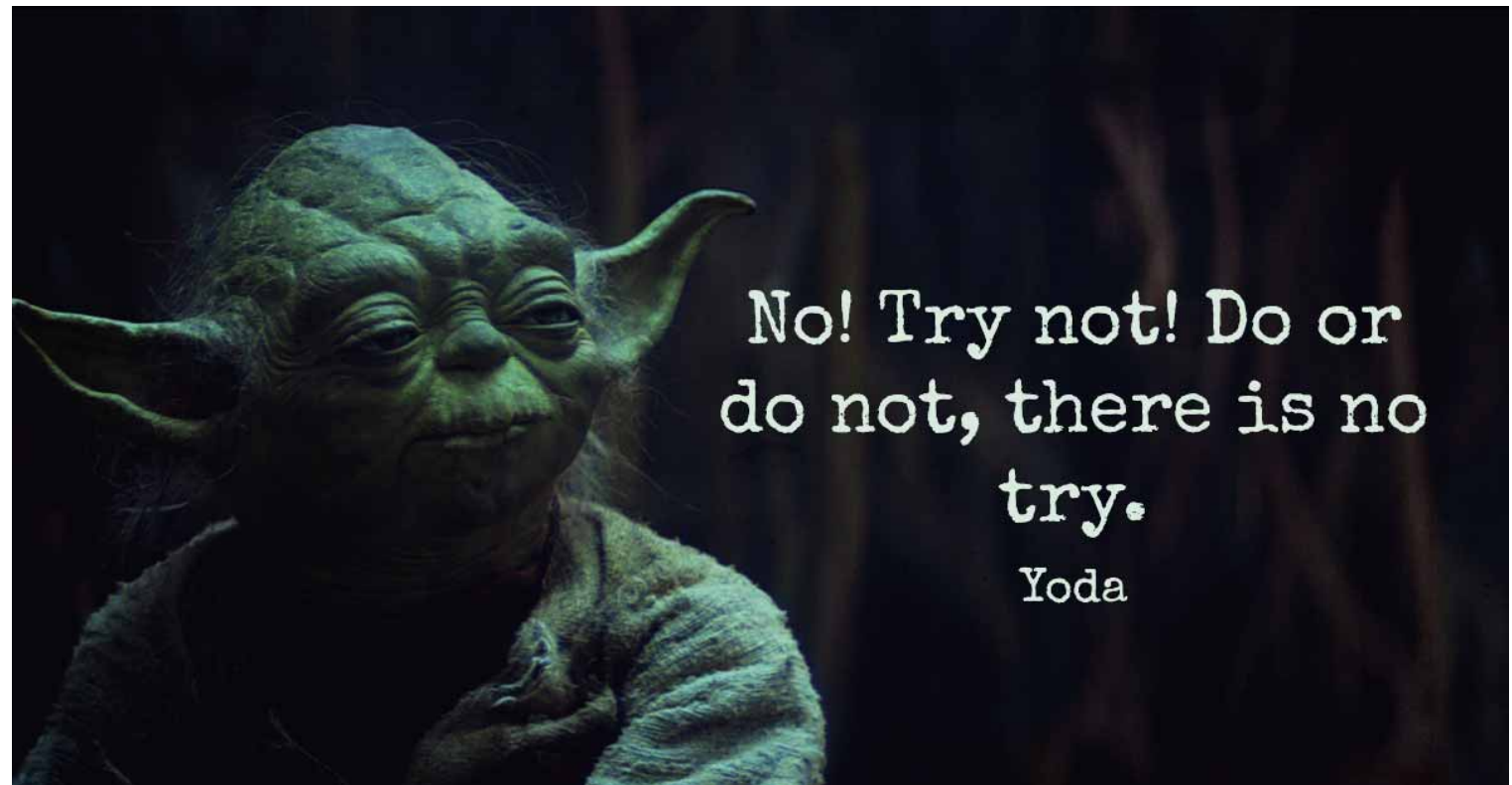
Control or control enhancement is implemented by “S” System, or “O” organization, or both “O/S”

Integrated Privacy controls across the entire catalog





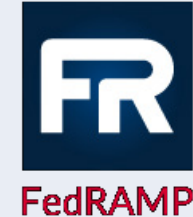



Consolidating Program Management to main catalog (PM)

Transition to NIST SP 800-53 r5.1, you must.

-Yoda



Resources Frequently Mentioned During this presentation

	Critical Resource Website link		
 CYBERSECURITY & INFRASTRUCTURE SECURITY AGENCY 	Homepage | CISA	CIS Center for Internet Security (ciscure.org)	 Center for Internet Security® <i>Confidence in the Connected World®</i>
	https://cloudsecurityalliance.org/	How to Become FedRAMP Authorized | FedRAMP.gov	
	National Institute of Standards and Technology | NIST	Acquisition.GOV | www.acquisition.gov Location for DFARS	 

LEGAL Requirement - FISMA PL 113-283

NIST SP 800 53 r5, NIST SP 800-171r2 and NIST SP 800-172

Federal Information Security Modernization Act FISMA



[Federal Information Security Modernization Act of 2014](#) (Public Law 113-283; December 18, 2014).

The original FISMA was [Federal Information Security Management Act of 2002](#) (Public Law 107-347 (Title III); December 17, 2002), in the [E-Government Act of 2002](#).

RELATED NEWS

Assessing Enhanced Security Requirements for CUI

April 27, 2021

NIST has released Draft Special Publication (SP) 800-172A, "Assessing Enhanced Security Requirements..."

NISTIR 8212: ISCM Program Assessment and Tool

March 31, 2021

NIST has published NISTIR 8212, "An Information Security Continuous Monitoring Program Assessment,"...

NIST Publishes SP 800-172

February 2, 2021

NIST announces the release of Special Publication (SP) 800-172, "Enhanced Security Requirements for..."

Draft NIST SP 800-47 Rev. 1 Available for Comment

January 26, 2021

Draft NIST SP 800-47 Revision 1, "Managing the Security of Information Exchanges," is now available...

Control Catalog and Baselines as Spreadsheets

January 26, 2021

New supplemental materials are available for SP 800-53 Rev. 5 and SP 800-53B: spreadsheets for the...

Information Security Management Act

Privacy

phy

supply chain risk management

general security & privacy

+ identity & access management

+ privacy

+ risk management

+ security & behavior

+ security measurement

+ security programs & operations

+ systems security engineering

zero trust

+ Technologies

+ Applications

- Laws and Regulations

+ executive documents

- laws

Cyber Security R&D Act

Cybersecurity Enhancement Act

E-Government Act

Energy Independence and Security Act

Federal Information Security Modernization Act

First Responder Network Authority

Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act

Help America Vote Act

+ regulations

+ Activities and Products

+ Sectors

RELATED TOPICS

Laws and Regulations: [E-Government Act](#)

Assessing Enhanced Security Requirements for Controlled Unclassified Information: Draft NIST SP 800-172A Available for Comment

April 27, 2021



The protection of controlled unclassified information (CUI) in nonfederal systems and organizations—especially CUI associated with a critical program or high value asset—is important to federal agencies and can directly impact the ability of the Federal Government to successfully carry out its assigned missions and business operations. To determine if the enhanced security requirements in NIST Special Publication (SP) 800-172, *Enhanced Security Requirements for Protecting Controlled Unclassified Information: A Supplement to NIST Special Publication 800-171*, have been satisfied, organizations develop assessment plans and conduct assessments.

Draft NIST SP 800-172A, *Assessing Enhanced Security Requirements for Controlled Unclassified Information*, provides federal agencies and nonfederal organizations with assessment procedures that can be used to carry out assessments of the requirements in NIST SP 800-172. The generalized assessment procedures are flexible, provide a framework and starting point to assess the enhanced security requirements, and can be tailored to the needs of organizations and assessors. Organizations tailor the assessment procedures by selecting specific assessment methods and objects to achieve the assessment objectives and by determining the scope of the assessment and the degree of rigor applied during the assessment process. The assessment procedures can be employed in self-assessments, independent third-party assessments, or assessments conducted by sponsoring organizations (e.g., government agencies). Such approaches may be specified in contracts or in agreements by participating parties. The findings and evidence produced during assessments can be used by organizations to facilitate risk-based decisions related to the CUI enhanced security requirements. In addition to developing determination statements for each enhanced security requirement, Draft NIST SP 800-172A introduces an updated structure to incorporate organization-defined parameters into the determination statements.

NIST is seeking feedback on the assessment procedures, including the assessment objectives, determination statements, and the usefulness of the assessment objects and methods provided for each procedure. We are also interested in the approach taken to incorporate organization-defined parameters into the determination statements for the assessment objectives.

A public comment period for this document is open through June 11, 2021. See the [publication details](#) for a copy of the draft publication and instructions for submitting comments, preferably using the [comment template](#) provided. For any questions, please contact sec-cert@nist.gov.

NOTE: A call for patent claims is included on page iv of this draft. For additional information, see the [Information Technology Laboratory \(ITL\) Patent Policy--Inclusion of Patents in ITL Publications](#).

RELATED TOPICS

Security and Privacy: [controls assessment](#), [security controls](#)

Laws and Regulations: [Federal Information Security Modernization Act](#), [OMB Circular A-130](#)

<https://csrc.nist.gov/Topics/Laws-and-Regulations/laws/FISMA>

Protecting Controlled Unclassified Information in Nonfederal Systems and Organizations

FY 2021 IG METRICS DEPEND ON NIST SP 800-53R5 -

<https://www.cisa.gov/>

FY21 FISMA

Documents | CISA

FY 2021 Inspector

General FISMA

Reporting

Measures v1.1

(cisa.gov)

FY 2021 Inspector

General Federal

Information

Security

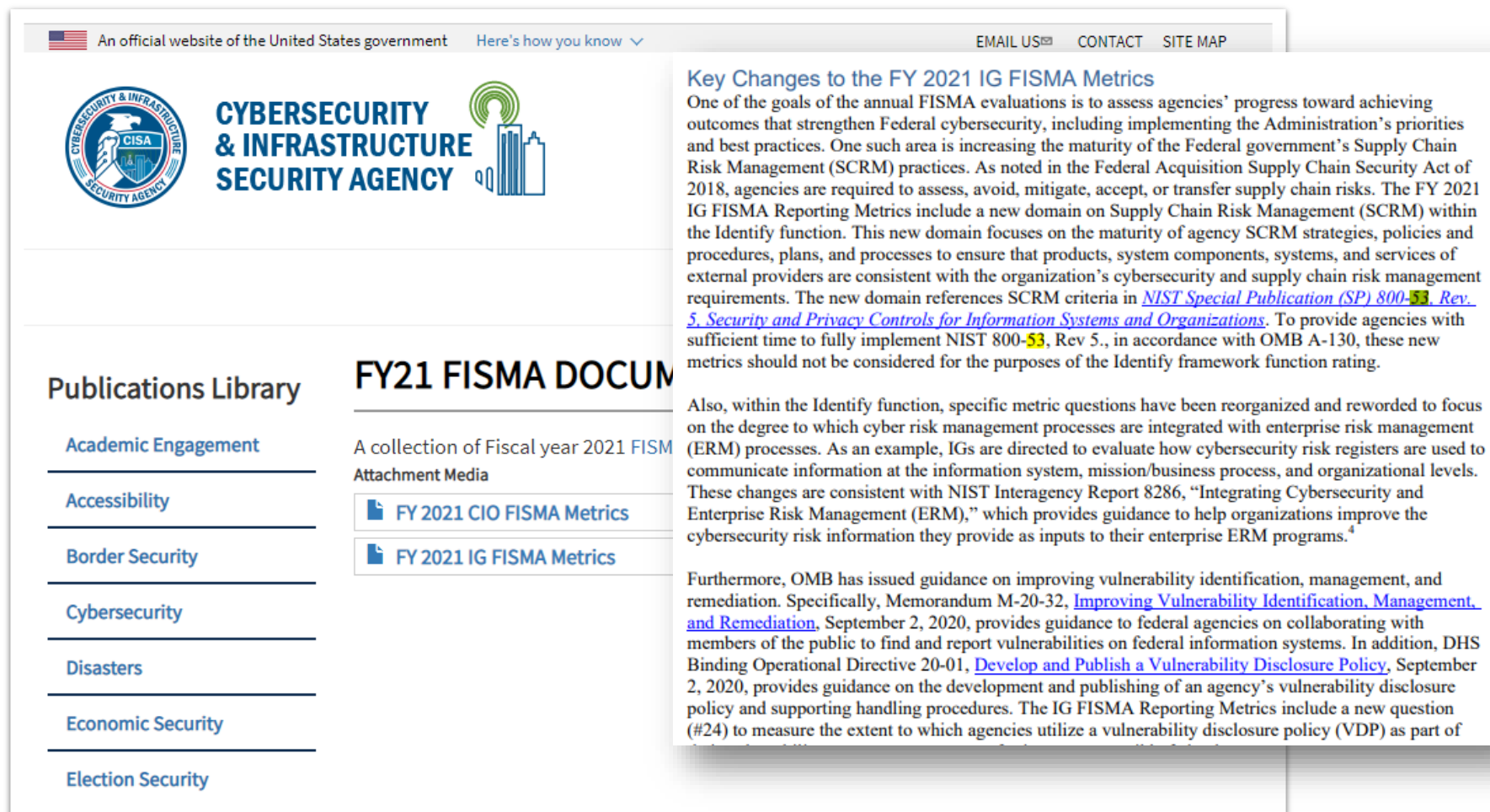
Modernization Act

of 2014 (FISMA)

Reporting Metrics

Version 1.1 May 12,

2021



The screenshot shows the official website of the Cybersecurity & Infrastructure Security Agency (CISA). The header includes the U.S. flag, the text "An official website of the United States government", and navigation links for "Here's how you know", "EMAIL US", "CONTACT", and "SITE MAP". The CISA logo and name are prominently displayed. Below the header, there is a "Publications Library" section with a list of categories: Academic Engagement, Accessibility, Border Security, Cybersecurity, Disasters, Economic Security, and Election Security. To the right of this list is a section titled "FY21 FISMA DOCUMENTS" which contains a collection of Fiscal year 2021 FISMA Attachment Media. Two documents are listed: "FY 2021 CIO FISMA Metrics" and "FY 2021 IG FISMA Metrics". The "FY 2021 IG FISMA Metrics" document is highlighted. To the right of the document list, there is a section titled "Key Changes to the FY 2021 IG FISMA Metrics". This section explains that one of the goals of the annual FISMA evaluations is to assess agencies' progress toward achieving outcomes that strengthen Federal cybersecurity, including implementing the Administration's priorities and best practices. It notes that one such area is increasing the maturity of the Federal government's Supply Chain Risk Management (SCRM) practices. As noted in the Federal Acquisition Supply Chain Security Act of 2018, agencies are required to assess, avoid, mitigate, accept, or transfer supply chain risks. The FY 2021 IG FISMA Reporting Metrics include a new domain on Supply Chain Risk Management (SCRM) within the Identify function. This new domain focuses on the maturity of agency SCRM strategies, policies and procedures, plans, and processes to ensure that products, system components, systems, and services of external providers are consistent with the organization's cybersecurity and supply chain risk management requirements. The new domain references SCRM criteria in [NIST Special Publication \(SP\) 800-53, Rev. 5, Security and Privacy Controls for Information Systems and Organizations](#). To provide agencies with sufficient time to fully implement NIST 800-53, Rev 5., in accordance with OMB A-130, these new metrics should not be considered for the purposes of the Identify framework function rating. Below this, it states that also, within the Identify function, specific metric questions have been reorganized and reworded to focus on the degree to which cyber risk management processes are integrated with enterprise risk management (ERM) processes. As an example, IGs are directed to evaluate how cybersecurity risk registers are used to communicate information at the information system, mission/business process, and organizational levels. These changes are consistent with NIST Interagency Report 8286, "Integrating Cybersecurity and Enterprise Risk Management (ERM)," which provides guidance to help organizations improve the cybersecurity risk information they provide as inputs to their enterprise ERM programs. Finally, it mentions that furthermore, OMB has issued guidance on improving vulnerability identification, management, and remediation. Specifically, Memorandum M-20-32, [Improving Vulnerability Identification, Management, and Remediation](#), September 2, 2020, provides guidance to federal agencies on collaborating with members of the public to find and report vulnerabilities on federal information systems. In addition, DHS Binding Operational Directive 20-01, [Develop and Publish a Vulnerability Disclosure Policy](#), September 2, 2020, provides guidance on the development and publishing of an agency's vulnerability disclosure policy and supporting handling procedures. The IG FISMA Reporting Metrics include a new question (#24) to measure the extent to which agencies utilize a vulnerability disclosure policy (VDP) as part of

NIST.GOV NIST SP 800-53 Rev. 5 final updates DECEMBER 2020

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PUBLICATIONS [SP 800-53 Rev. 5, Security and Privacy Controls for Info Systems and Organizations | CSRC \(nist.gov\)](#)

SP 800-53 Rev. 5

Security and Privacy Controls for Information Systems and Organizations

Date Published: September 2020 (includes updates as of Dec. 10, 2020)

Supersedes: [SP 800-53 Rev. 5 \(09/23/2020\)](#)

Planning Note (1/22/2021): See the Errata (beginning on p. xvii) for a list of updates to the original publication.

New supplemental materials are also available:

- [Control Catalog Spreadsheet \(NEW\)](#)
The entire security and privacy control catalog in spreadsheet format. *Note: For a spreadsheet of control baselines, see the SP 800-53B details.*
- Analysis of updates between 800-53 Rev. 5 and Rev. 4** (Updated 1/22/21)
Describes the changes to each control and control enhancement, provides a brief summary of the changes, and includes an assessment of the significance of the changes. *Note that this comparison was authored by The MITRE Corporation for the Director of National Intelligence (DNI) and is being shared with permission by DNI.*
- Mapping of Appendix J Privacy Controls (Rev. 4) to Rev. 5**
Supports organizations using the privacy controls in Appendix J of SP 800-53 Rev. 4 that are transitioning to the integrated control catalog in Rev. 5.
- Mappings between 800-53 Rev. 5 and other frameworks and standards** ([NIST Cybersecurity Framework](#) and [NIST Privacy Framework](#); [ISO/IEC 27001](#) [updated 1/22/21])
The mappings provide organizations a general indication of SP 800-53 control coverage with respect to other frameworks and standards. When leveraging the mappings, it is important to consider the intended scope of each publication and how each publication is used; organizations should not assume equivalency based solely on the mapping tables because mappings are not always one-to-one and there is a degree of subjectivity in the mapping analysis.

Also available:

- Security and Privacy Control Collaboration Index Template** ([Excel](#) & [Word](#))
The collaboration index template supports information security and privacy program collaboration to help ensure that the objectives of both disciplines are met and that risks are appropriately managed. It is an optional tool for information security and privacy programs to identify the degree of collaboration needed between security and privacy programs

DOCUMENTATION

Publication:
[SP 800-53 Rev. 5 \(DOI\)](#)
[Local Download](#)

Supplemental Material:
[Control Catalog \(spreadsheet\) \(xls\)](#)
[Analysis of updates between 800-53 Rev. 5 and Rev. 4, by MITRE Corp. for ODNI \(xls\)](#)
[Mapping: Appendix J Privacy Controls \(Rev. 4\) to Rev. 5 \(xls\)](#)
[Mappings: Cybersecurity Framework and Privacy Framework to Rev. 5 \(xls\)](#)
[Mapping: Rev. 5 to ISO/IEC 27001 \(word\)](#)
[OSCAL Version of Rev. 5 controls \(web\)](#)
[Control Collaboration Index Template \(xls\)](#)
[Control Collaboration Index Template \(word\)](#)
[Blog post \(web\)](#)

Other Parts of this Publication:
[SP 800-53B](#)

Document History:
12/10/20: SP 800-53 Rev. 5 (Final)

TOPICS

Security and Privacy
[privacy controls](#); [security controls](#); [security programs & operations](#)

Laws and Regulations
[E-Government Act](#); [Federal Information Security Modernization Act](#); [Homeland Security Presidential](#)

B1176		Provenance | Supply Chain Integrity — Pedigree									
	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I		
	Rev 5 Update	NIST SP 800-53 Rev 5 Controls	NIST SP 800-53B Control Baselines			More than editorial or administrative change? (Y/N)	Changed Elements	Change Details			
1											
1172	SR-4	Provenance					Y	New base control	Document, monitor, and maintain valid provenance of systems, system components, and associated data and associated data		
1173	SR-4(1)	Provenance | Identity					Y	New control enhancement	Establish and maintain unique identification of specific chain elements, processes, and personnel associated identified system and critical system components Incorporates withdrawn control SA-12(14)		
1174	SR-4(2)	Provenance | Track and Trace					Y	New control enhancement	Establish and maintain unique identification of specific and critical system components for tracking through chain Incorporates withdrawn control SA-12(14)		
1175	SR-4(3)	Provenance | Validate As Genuine and Not Altered					Y	New control enhancement	Employ specified controls to validate that the system component received is genuine and has not been altered Incorporates withdrawn control SA-12(10)		
1176	SR-4(4)	Provenance | Supply Chain Integrity — Pedigree					Y	New control enhancement	Employ specified controls and conduct specified to ensure the integrity of the system and system component validating the internal composition and provenance mission-critical technologies, products, and services		
1177	SR-5	Acquisition Strategies, Tools, and Methods		X	X	X	Y	New base control Add to L, M, and H Security Control Baselines (SP 800-53B)	Employ specified acquisition strategies, contract to procurement methods to protect against, identify, and supply chain risks Incorporates withdrawn control SA-12(1)		
1178	SR-5(1)	Acquisition Strategies, Tools, and Methods | Adequate Supply					Y	New control enhancement	Employ specified controls to ensure an adequate critical system components Incorporates withdrawn control SA-12(6)		
1179	SR-5(2)	Acquisition Strategies, Tools, and Methods | Assessments Prior to Selection, Acceptance, Modification, or Disposal					Y	New control enhancement	Perform assessments of systems, system component, system services prior to selection, acceptance, modification, or disposal Incorporates withdrawn control SA-12(7)		
1180	SR-6	Supplier Assessments and Reviews		X	X	X	Y	New base control Add to M, and H Security Control Baselines (SP 800-53B)	Assess and review the supply chain-related risks to suppliers or contractors and the system, system component, or system service they provide Incorporates withdrawn control SA-12(2)		
1181	SR-6(1)	Supplier Assessments and Reviews | Testing and Analysis					Y	New control enhancement	Employ specified analysis or testing of specified system elements, processes, and system services associated with the system component, or system service Incorporates withdrawn control SA-12(11)		
1182	SR-7	Supply Chain Operations Security					Y	New base control	Employ specified OPSEC controls to protect supply related information Incorporates withdrawn control SA-12(9)		
1183	SR-8	Notification Agreements		X	X	X	Y	New base control Add to L, M, and H Security Control Baselines (SP 800-53B)	Establish agreements and procedures with entities supply chain Incorporates withdrawn control SA-12(12)		
1184	SR-9	Tamper Resistance and Detection			X	X	Y	New base control Add to H Security Control Baseline (SP 800-53B)	Address the need to implement a tamper protection Incorporates withdrawn control SA-18		
1185	SR-9(1)	Tamper Resistance and Detection | Multiple Stages of System Development Life Cycle			X	X	Y	New control enhancement Add to H Security Control Baseline (SP 800-53B)	Employ anti-tamper technologies, tools, and techniques throughout the system development life cycle Incorporates withdrawn control SA-18(1)		
1186	SR-10	Inspection of Systems or Components		X	X	X	Y	New base control Add to L, M, and H Security Control Baselines (SP 800-53B)	Inspect specified systems or system components to tampering Incorporates withdrawn control SA-18(2)		
1187	SR-11	Component Authenticity		X	X	X	Y	New base control Add to L, M, and H Security Control Baselines (SP 800-53B)	Address the need to develop and implement anti-policy and procedures, to include reporting counterfeit components Incorporates withdrawn control SA-19		
1188	SR-11(1)	Component Authenticity | Anti-Counterfeit Training		X	X	X	Y	New control enhancement Add to L, M, and H Security Control Baselines (SP 800-53B)	Address the need to train personnel to detect counterfeit components Incorporates withdrawn control SA-19(1)		
1189	SR-11(2)	Component Authenticity | Configuration Control for Component Service and Repair		X	X	X	Y	New control enhancement Add to L, M, and H Security Control Baselines (SP 800-53B)	Maintain configuration control over specified system components awaiting service or repair and serviced components awaiting return to service Incorporates withdrawn control SA-19(2)		
1190	SR-11(3)	Component Authenticity | Anti-					Y	New control enhancement	Periodically scan for counterfeit system component		
		Introduction	Legend	Rev4	Rev5	Compared					

20 Families (Two New Domains)

AC - ACCESS CONTROL	AT - AWARENESS AND TRAINING	AU - AUDIT AND ACCOUNTABILITY	CA - ASSESSMENT, AUTHORIZATION, AND MONITORING
CM - CONFIGURATION MANEGEME	CP - CONTINGENCY PLANNING	IA - IDENTIFICATION AND AUTHENTICATION	IR - INCIDENT RESPONSE
MA - MAINTENANCE	MP - MEDIA PROTECTION	PE - PHYSICAL AND ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION	PL - PLANNING
PM - PROGRAM MANAGEMENT	PS - PERSONNEL SECURITY	PT - PERSONALLY IDENTIFIABLE INFORMATION PROCESSING AND TRANSPARENCY	RA - RISK ASSESSMENT
SA - SYSTEM AND SERVICES ACQUISITION	SC - SYSTEM AND COMMUNICATIONS PROTECTION	SI - System and Information Integrity	SR - SUPPLY CHAIN RISK MANAGEMENT

	Rev 5 Update	NIST SP 800-53 Rev 5 Controls	NIST SP 800-53B Control Baselines			More than editorial or administrative change? (Y/N)	Changed Elements	Change Details
1								
	SR-5(2)	Acquisition Strategies, Tools, and Methods | Assessments Prior to Selection, Acceptance, Modification, or Update				Y	New control enhancement	Perform assessments of systems, system components, or system services prior to selection, acceptance, modification, or update. Incorporates withdrawn control SA-12(7)
1179	SR-6	Supplier Assessments and Reviews		X	X	Y	New base control Adds to M, and H Security Control Baselines (SP 800-53B)	Assess and review the supply chain-related risks associated with suppliers or contractors and the system, system component, or system service they provide. Incorporates withdrawn control SA-12(2)
1180	SR-6(1)	Supplier Assessments and Reviews | Testing and Analysis				Y	New control enhancement	Employ specified analysis or testing of specified supply chain elements, processes, and actors associated with the system, system component, or system service. Incorporates withdrawn control SA-12(11)
1181	SR-7	Supply Chain Operations Security				Y	New base control	Employ specified OPSEC controls to protect supply chain-related information. Incorporates withdrawn control SA-12(9)
1182	SR-8	Notification Agreements	X	X	X	Y	New base control Adds to L, M, and H Security Control Baselines (SP 800-53B)	Establish agreements and procedures with entities involved in the supply chain. Incorporates withdrawn control SA-12(12)
1183	SR-9	Tamper Resistance and Detection			X	Y	New base control Adds to H Security Control Baseline (SP 800-53B)	Addresses the need to implement a tamper protection program. Incorporates withdrawn control SA-18
1184	SR-9(1)	Tamper Resistance and Detection | Multiple Stages of System Development Life Cycle			X	Y	New control enhancement Adds to H Security Control Baseline (SP 800-53B)	Employ anti-tamper technologies, tools, and techniques throughout the system development life cycle. Incorporates withdrawn control SA-18(1)
1185	SR-10	Inspection of Systems or Components	X	X	X	Y	New base control Adds to L, M, and H Security Control Baselines (SP 800-53B)	Inspect specified systems or system components to detect tampering. Incorporates withdrawn control SA-18(2)
1186	SR-11	Component Authenticity	X	X	X	Y	New base control Adds to L, M, and H Security Control Baselines (SP 800-53B)	Addresses the need to develop and implement anti-counterfeit policy and procedures, to include reporting counterfeit system components. Incorporates withdrawn control SA-19
1187	SR-11(1)	Component Authenticity | Anti-Counterfeit Training	X	X	X	Y	New control enhancement Adds to L, M, and H Security Control Baselines (SP 800-53B)	Addresses need to train personnel to detect counterfeit system components. Incorporates withdrawn control SA-19(1)
1188	SR-11(2)	Component Authenticity | Configuration Control for Component Service and Repair	X	X	X	Y	New control enhancement Adds to L, M, and H Security Control Baselines (SP 800-53B)	Maintain configuration control over specified system components awaiting service or repair and serviced or repaired components awaiting return to service. Incorporates withdrawn control SA-19(2)
1189	SR-11(3)	Component Authenticity | Anti-Counterfeit Scanning				Y	New control enhancement	Periodically scan for counterfeit system components. Incorporates withdrawn control SA-19(4)
1190	SR-12	Component Disposal	X	X	X	Y	New base control Adds to L, M, and H Security Control Baselines (SP 800-53B)	Dispose of specified data, documentation, tools, or system components using the specified techniques and methods. Incorporates withdrawn control SA-19(3)
1191								

- The total number of tracked items since the start of NIST SP 800-53 is 1,189 items. That includes everything withdrawn and everything active. *Green boxes are the Control Families used for SP 800-171r2 and NIST SP 800-172.

- Big Domains/Families 20
- Medium Controls/Universe 298
- Small Tests Enhancements Detail Controls

Some of the New Controls Affect the SSP Baselines

Some Controls Do Not appear in any Baseline

[Search For Any FedRAMP Policy or Guidance Resource | FedRAMP.gov](#)

FEDRAMP SYSTEM SECURITY PLAN (SSP) HIGH BASELINE TEMPLATE

FEDRAMP SYSTEM SECURITY PLAN (SSP) MODERATE BASELINE TEMPLATE

Resources **BLOG** **MARKETPLACE**

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AN UPDATE TO FEDRAMP'S LOW, MODERATE, AND HIGH BASELINE SA-4 CONTROLS AND IR-3 HIGH BASELINE
New Post | May 20, 2021

FEDRAMP SECURITY CONTROLS BASELINE
Updated Document | May 18, 2021

FEDRAMP SYSTEM SECURITY PLAN (SSP) MODERATE BASELINE TEMPLATE
Updated Document | May 18, 2021

FEDRAMP SYSTEM SECURITY PLAN (SSP) LOW BASELINE TEMPLATE
Updated Document | May 18, 2021

FEDRAMP SYSTEM SECURITY PLAN (SSP) HIGH BASELINE TEMPLATE
Updated Document | May 18, 2021

FEDRAMP MODERATE AUTHORIZATION TOOLKIT
Updated Document | May 18, 2021

FEDRAMP LOW AUTHORIZATION TOOLKIT
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FEDRAMP HIGH AUTHORIZATION TOOLKIT
Updated Document | May 18, 2021

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Table of Contents for FedRAMP System Security Plan (SSP) High Baseline Template:

- 1. Information System Name/Title
- 2. Information System Categorization
 - 2.1. Information Types
 - 2.2. Security Objectives Categorization (FIPS 199)
 - 2.3. Digital Identity Determination
- 3. Information System Owner
- 4. Authorizing Official
- 5. Other Designated Contacts
- 6. Assignment of Security Responsibility
- 7. Information System Operational Status
 - 8.1. Cloud Service Models
 - 8.2. Cloud Deployment Models
- 8. Information System Type
 - 8.1. Cloud Service Models
 - 8.2. Cloud Deployment Models
- 9. General System Description
 - 9.1. System Function or Purpose
 - 9.2. Information System Components and Boundaries
 - 9.3. Types of Users
 - 9.4. Network Architecture
- 10. System Environment And Inventory
 - 10.1. Data Flow
 - 10.2. Ports, Protocols and Services
- 11. System Interconnections
- 12. Laws, Regulations, Standards and Guidance
 - 12.1. Applicable Laws and Regulations
 - 12.2. Applicable Standards and Guidance
- 13. Minimum Security Controls
 - AC-1 Access Control (AC)
 - AC-2 Account Management (AM)
 - AC-3 Access Enforcement (AM) (M) (P)
 - AC-4 Information Flow Enforcement (IM) (P)
 - AC-5 Separation of Duties (AM) (P)
 - AC-6 Least Privilege (AM) (P)
 - AC-7 Unsuccessful Login Attempts (L) (M)
 - AC-8 System Use Notification (L) (M) (P)
 - AC-10 Concurrent Session Control (AM) (P)
 - AC-11 Session Lock (M) (P)
 - AC-12 Session Termination (M) (P)
 - AC-14 Permitted Actions without Identification or Authentication (L) (M) (P)
 - AC-17 Remote Access (L) (M) (P)
 - AC-18 Wireless Access Restrictions (L) (M) (P)
 - AC-19 Access Control for Portable and Mobile Systems (L) (M) (P)
 - AC-20 Use of External Information Systems (L) (M) (P)
 - AC-21 Information Sharing (AM) (P)

These Controls Are Not Part of any Baseline

Ctrl ID	Control Name				
AC-9	Previous Logon Notification	PE-22	Component Marking	SC-40	Wireless Link Protection
AC-16	Security and Privacy Attributes	PE-23	Facility Location	SC-41	Port and I/O Device Access
AC-23	Data Mining Protection	PL-7	Concept of Operations	SC-42	Sensor Capability and Data
AC-24	Access Control Decisions	RA-6	Technical Surveillance Countermeasures Survey	SC-43	Usage Restrictions
AC-25	Reference Monitor	RA-10	Threat Hunting	SC-44	Detonation Chambers
AT-6	Training Feedback	SA-20	Customized Development of Critical Components	SC-45	System Time Synchronization
AU-13	Monitoring for Information Disclosure	SA-23	Specialization	SC-46	Cross Domain Policy Enforcement
AU-14	Session Audit	SC-6	Resource Availability	SC-47	Alternate Communications Paths
AU-16	Cross-organizational Audit Logging	SC-11	Trusted Path	SC-48	Sensor Relocation
CM-13	Data Action Mapping	SC-16	Transmission of Security and Privacy Attributes	SC-49	Hardware-enforced Separation and Policy Enforcement
CM-14	Signed Components	SC-25	Thin Nodes	SC-50	Software-enforced Separation and Policy Enforcement
CP-11	Alternate Communications Protocols	SC-26	Decoys	SC-51	Hardware-based Protection
CP-12	Safe Mode	SC-27	Platform-independent Applications	SI-13	Predictable Failure Prevention
CP-13	Alternative Security Mechanisms	SC-29	Heterogeneity	SI-14	Non-persistence
IA-9	Service Identification and Authentication	SC-30	Concealment and Misdirection	SI-15	Information Output Filtering
IA-10	Adaptive Authentication	SC-31	Covert Channel Analysis	SI-17	Fail-safe Procedures
IR-9	Information Spillage Response	SC-32	System Partitioning	SI-20	Tainting
MA-7	Field Maintenance	SC-34	Non-modifiable Executable Programs	SI-21	Information Refresh
MP-8	Media Downgrading	SC-35	External Malicious Code Identification	SI-22	Information Diversity
PE-19	Information Leakage	SC-36	Distributed Processing and Storage	SI-23	Information Fragmentation
PE-20	Asset Monitoring and Tracking	SC-37	Out-of-band Channels	SR-4	Provenance
PE-21	Electromagnetic Pulse Protection	SC-38	Operations Security	SR-7	Supply Chain Operations Security

These Controls & Enhancements are withdrawn / replaced

CTRL ID	Control Name				
AT-3.4	AT-3.4 Suspicious Communications and Anomalous System Behavior	IA-9.2	IA-9.2 Transmission of Decisions	SA-12.15	SA-12.15 Processes to Address Weaknesses or Deficiencies
AU-2.3	AU-2.3 Reviews and Updates	IR-9.1	IR-9.1 Responsible Personnel	SA-18.1	SA-18.1 Multiple Phases of System Development Life Cycle
AU-3.2	AU-3.2 Centralized Management of Planned Audit Record Content	PE-5.1	PE-5.1 Access to Output by Authorized Individuals	SA-18.2	SA-18.2 Inspection of Systems or Components
AU-7.2	AU-7.2 Automatic Sort and Search	PE-5.3	PE-5.3 Marking Output Devices	SA-19.1	SA-19.1 Anti-counterfeit Training
AU-8.1	AU-8.1 Synchronization with Authoritative Time Source	PE-18.1	PE-18.1 Facility Site	SA-19.2	SA-19.2 Configuration Control for Component Service and Repair
AU-8.2	AU-8.2 Secondary Authoritative Time Source	PL-2.3	PL-2.3 Plan and Coordinate with Other Organizational Entities	SA-19.3	SA-19.3 Component Disposal
AU-14.2	AU-14.2 Capture and Record Content	SA-12.1	SA-12.1 Acquisition Strategies / Tools / Methods	SA-19.4	SA-19.4 Anti-counterfeit Scanning
CA-3.1	CA-3.1 Unclassified National Security System Connections	SA-12.2	SA-12.2 Supplier Reviews	SA-22.1	SA-22.1 Alternative Sources for Continued Support
CA-3.2	CA-3.2 Classified National Security System Connections	SA-12.5	SA-12.5 Limitation of Harm	SC-34.3	SC-34.3 Hardware-based Protection
CA-3.3	CA-3.3 Unclassified Non-national Security System Connections	SA-12.7	SA-12.7 Assessments Prior to Selection / Acceptance / Update	SC-42.3	SC-42.3 Prohibit Use of Devices
CA-3.4	CA-3.4 Connections to Public Networks	SA-12.8	SA-12.8 Use of All-source Intelligence	SI-2.1	SI-2.1 Central Management
CA-3.5	CA-3.5 Restrictions on External System Connections	SA-12.9	SA-12.9 Operations Security	SI-3.1	SI-3.1 Central Management
CM-5.2	CM-5.2 Review System Changes	SA-12.10	SA-12.10 Validate as Genuine and Not Altered	SI-3.9	SI-3.9 Authenticate Remote Commands
CM-5.3	CM-5.3 Signed Components	SA-12.11	SA-12.11 Penetration Testing / Analysis of Elements, Processes, and Actors	SI-7.11	SI-7.11 Confined Environments with Limited Privileges
CM-8.5	CM-8.5 No Duplicate Accounting of Components	SA-12.12	SA-12.12 Inter-organizational Agreements	SI-7.13	SI-7.13 Code Execution in Protected Environments
CP-2.4	CP-2.4 Resume All Mission and Business Functions	SA-12.14	SA-12.14 Identity and Traceability	SI-7.14	SI-7.14 Binary or Machine Executable Code
IA-9.1	IA-9.1 Information Exchange			SI-8.1	SI-8.1 Central Management

268 New & Substantially changed Enhancements and Controls

- 20 (Big) Domains PT, SR
- 298 (Medium) Control Family /Universe (example AC-2)
- 710 (Child Small) Tests Enhancements (example AC-2(3))

<input type="radio"/>	-->AU-15 Alternate Audit Capability	AU-15->MP-3	<input type="button" value="To be deleted"/>
<input type="radio"/>	-->IR-10 Integrated Information Security Analysis T...	IR-10->IR-4	<input type="button" value="To be deleted"/>
<input type="radio"/>	-->SA-12 Supply Chain Risk Management	SA-12->SR3-5-6	<input type="button" value="To be deleted"/>
<input type="radio"/>	-->SA-18 Tamper Resistance and Detection	SA-18->SR-9-11	<input type="button" value="To be deleted"/>
<input type="radio"/>	-->SA-19 Component Authenticity	SA-19->SR-12-11	<input type="button" value="To be deleted"/>
<input type="radio"/>	-->SC-19 Voice Over Internet Protocol	SC-19->withdrawn	<input type="button" value="To be deleted"/>
<input type="radio"/>	-->PA-2 Authority to Collect	PA-2->PT-2	<input type="button" value="To be deleted"/>
<input type="radio"/>	-->PA-3 Purpose Specification	PA-3->PT-3	<input type="button" value="To be deleted"/>
<input type="radio"/>	-->IP-2 Consent	IP-2->PT-2	<input type="button" value="To be deleted"/>
<input type="radio"/>	-->IP-1 Individual Participation Policy and Procedur...	IP-1->PT-1	<input type="button" value="To be deleted"/>
<input type="radio"/>	-->IP-3 Redress	IP-3->PT-4->PT-6	<input type="button" value="To be deleted"/>
<input type="radio"/>	-->IP-4 Privacy Notice	IP-4->PT-5	<input type="button" value="To be deleted"/>
<input type="radio"/>	-->IP-5 Privacy Act Statement	IP-5->PT-7	<input type="button" value="To be deleted"/>
<input type="radio"/>	-->IP-6 Individual Access	IP-6->PT-6	<input type="button" value="To be deleted"/>
<input type="radio"/>	-->PA-1 Privacy Authorization Policy and Procedures	PA-1->PT-1	<input type="button" value="To be deleted"/>
<input type="radio"/>	-->PA-4 Information Sharing with External Parties	PA-4->PT-4	<input type="button" value="To be deleted"/>

A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I
Rev 5 Update	NIST SP 800-53 Rev 5 Controls	NIST SP 800-53B Control Baselines				More than editorial or administrative change? (Y/N)	Changed Elements	Change Details
CA-3(6)	Information Exchange | Transfer Authorizations				X	Y	New control enhancement Adds to H Security Control Baseline (SP 800-53B)	Verify that individuals or systems transferring data between interconnecting systems have the requisite authorizations
CA-3(7)	Information Exchange | Transitive Information Exchanges					Y	New control enhancement	Identify transitive (downstream) information exchanges with other systems and take measures to ensure that transitive information exchanges cease when the controls cannot be verified or validated
CA-6(1)	Authorization | Joint Authorization — Intra - Organization					Y	New control enhancement	Employ a joint authorization process that includes multiple authorizing officials from the same organization
CA-6(2)	Authorization | Joint Authorization — Inter - Organizations					Y	New control enhancement	Employ a joint authorization process that includes multiple authorizing officials with at least one authorizing official from an organization external to the organization conducting the authorization
CA-7(4)	Continuous Monitoring | Risk Monitoring	X	X	X	X	Y	New control enhancement Adds to Privacy Control Baseline (SP 800-53B) Adds to L, M, and H Security Control Baselines (SP 800-53B)	Ensure risk monitoring is an integral part of the continuous monitoring strategy
CA-7(5)	Continuous Monitoring | Consistency Analysis					Y	New control enhancement	Employ specific actions to validate that policies are established and implemented controls operate in a consistent manner
CA-7(6)	Continuous Monitoring | Automation Support for Monitoring					Y	New control enhancement	Ensure the accuracy, currency, and availability of monitoring results for the system using specified automated mechanisms
CA-8(3)	Penetration Testing | Facility Penetration Testing					Y	New control enhancement	Employ a penetration testing process that includes defined frequency of announced and unannounced attempts to bypass or circumvent physical access point controls
CM-3(7)	Configuration Change Control | Review System Changes					Y	New control enhancement	Review changes to the system at a specific frequency or for specific circumstances to determine whether unauthorized changes have occurred Incorporates withdrawn control CM-5(2)
CM-3(8)	Configuration Change Control | Prevent or Restrict Configuration Changes					Y	New control enhancement	Prevent or restrict changes to the configuration of the system under the specific circumstances
CM-7(6)	Least Functionality | Confined Environments With Limited Privileges					Y	New control enhancement	Requires specified user-installed software execute in a confined physical or virtual machine environment with limited privileges Incorporates withdrawn control SI-7(11)

75 Changes have implications in the Baselines, NIST 800-53B

- Privacy Attribute (P)
- Part of Low, Medium, High
- Changes to details and modifications to the baselines used for FedRamp
- Addition of S/O/SO attribute
- Associated Tailoring Criteria

Rev 5 Update	NIST SP 800-53 Rev 5 Controls	NIST SP 800-53B Control Baselines				More than editorial or administrative change? (Y/N)	Changed Elements	Change Details
AC-3(14)	Access Enforcement | Individual Access	X				Y	New control enhancement Adds to Privacy Control Baseline (SP 800-53B)	Mechanisms for individuals to have access to PII Incorporates individual access elements of withdrawn App J control IP-2
AT-2(3)	Literacy Training and Awareness | Social Engineering and Mining			X	X	Y	New control enhancement Adds to M and H Security Control Baselines (SP 800-53B)	Provide literacy training on recognizing and reporting potential and actual instances of social engineering and social mining
AT-3(5)	Role-Based Training | Processing Personally Identifiable Information	X				Y	New control enhancement Adds to Privacy Control Baseline (SP 800-53B)	Provide specific personnel or roles with initial and at a specific frequency training in the employment and operation of PII processing and transparency controls Incorporates training elements of withdrawn App J control UL-2
AU-3(3)	Content of Audit Records | Limit Personally Identifiable Information Elements	X				Y	New control enhancement Adds to Privacy Control Baseline (SP 800-53B)	Limit PII contained in audit records to the specific elements identified in the privacy risk assessment
CA-3(6)	Information Exchange | Transfer Authorizations				X	Y	New control enhancement Adds to H Security Control Baseline (SP 800-53B)	Verify that individuals or systems transferring data between interconnecting systems have the requisite authorizations
CA-7(4)	Continuous Monitoring | Risk Monitoring	X	X	X	X	Y	New control enhancement Adds to Privacy Control Baseline (SP 800-53B) Adds to L, M, and H Security Control Baselines (SP 800-53B)	Ensure risk monitoring is an integral part of the continuous monitoring strategy
CM-12	Information Location			X	X	Y	New base control Adds to M and H Security Control Baselines (SP 800-53B)	Identify and document the location of specific information and the specific system components on which the information resides; the users who have access; and changes to the location where the information resides
CM-12(1)	Information Location | Automated Tools to Support Information Location			X	X	Y	New control enhancement Adds to M and H Security Control Baselines (SP 800-53B)	Use automated tools to identify specific information by information type on specific system components to ensure controls are in place to protect organizational information and individual privacy
CP-9(8)	System Backup | Cryptographic Protection			X	X	Y	New control enhancement Adds to M and H Security Control Baselines (SP 800-53B)	Requires implementing cryptographic mechanisms to prevent unauthorized disclosure and modification of specified backup information
IA-12	Identity Proofing			X	X	Y	New base control Adds to M and H Security Control Baselines (SP 800-53B)	Identity proof users for logical access based on identity assurance level requirements
IA-12(2)	Identity Proofing Identity Evidence			X	X	Y	New control enhancement Adds to M and H Security Control Baselines (SP 800-53B)	Requiring evidence of individual identification be presented to the registration authority reduces the likelihood of individuals using fraudulent identification to establish an identity Incorporates withdrawn control IA-4(3)

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At issue in mapping:	
Source Documents	
Control ID v. Enhancement –	
Detail IDs without meaningful identifiers	
Attributes added under certification conditions, v. core control statement	

Tailoring Criteria for NIST 171 Depend Upon 800-53

- (171r2) security controls are taken from NIST Special Publication 800-53, Revision 4. These **tables will be updated upon publication of [SP 800-53B]** which will provide an update to the moderate security control baseline consistent with NIST Special Publication 800-53, Revision 5. Changes to the moderate baseline will affect future updates to the basic and derived security requirements
- The same *tailoring criteria* were applied to the security requirements in [FIPS 200] resulting in the CUI basic security requirements
- There is a close relationship between the security objectives of confidentiality and integrity. Therefore, the security controls in the [SP 800-53] moderate baseline that support protection against unauthorized disclosure also support protection against unauthorized modification.
- 39 The security controls tailored out of the moderate baseline (i.e., controls specifically marked as either NCO or NFO and highlighted in the darker blue shading in Tables E-1 through E-17), are often included as part of an organization's comprehensive security program.

FedRAMP OSCAL Resources and Templates

FedRAMP has published resources to aid stakeholders and vendors in the digitization of FedRAMP authorization package content. Located on the [FedRAMP Automation GitHub Repository](#), these include:

- *New* - **Guide to OSCAL-based FedRAMP [Content](#)**. Guidance and concepts common to all FedRAMP deliverables when using OSCAL.
- *Revised* - **Guide to OSCAL-based FedRAMP [System Security Plans \(SSP\)](#)**.
- *New* - **Guide to OSCAL-based FedRAMP [Security Assessment Plans \(SAP\)](#)**.
- *New* - **Guide to OSCAL-based FedRAMP [Security Assessment Reports \(SAR\)](#)**.
- *New* - **Guide to OSCAL-based FedRAMP [Plan of Action and Milestones \(POA&M\)](#)**.
- *Revised* - **Updated FedRAMP OSCAL [Registry](#)**.
Revised - **OSCAL-based FedRAMP [SSP Templates/Samples](#)**.
FedRAMP SSP Template in both XML and JSON formats.
- *New* - **OSCAL-based FedRAMP [Templates/Samples](#)**.
There are now three additional templates/samples covering the SAP, SAR, and POA&M. These exist in both XML and JSON formats.
- *Revised* - **FedRAMP [Baselines](#)**. (XML and JSON formats)
The baselines now include a "CORE" property, enabling tools to identify the FedRAMP core controls; as well as the assessment objectives and methods (Examine, Interview, Test) found in a blank test case workbook (TCW).
- *New* - **[Experimental Resources](#)**.
FedRAMP is offering additional support files to aid tool developers. These provide content in XML and JSON that is relevant to FedRAMP authorization packages yet does not fit in the official OSCAL syntax.

You CANNOT do this by hand - [OSCAL \(nist.gov\)](https://nist.gov)



OSCAL: the Open Security Controls Assessment Language

[Get involved](#) | [Contact Us](#) | [Github](#)

[About](#) [Learn](#) [Documentation](#) [Downloads](#) [Tools](#) [Contribute](#) [Contact Us](#)

Automated Control-Based Assessment

Supporting Control-Based Risk Management with Standardized Formats

[Learn More](#)

AUTOMATION

Providing control-related information in machine-readable formats.

NIST, in collaboration with industry, is developing the Open Security Controls Assessment Language (OSCAL). OSCAL is a set of formats expressed in XML, JSON, and YAML. These formats provide machine-readable representations of control catalogs, control baselines, system security plans, and assessment plans and results.

[Layers and Models Reference \(nist.gov\)](#)

[Concepts Used in OSCAL \(nist.gov\)](#)

Mapping Guidance for ISO/IEC 27001:2013 does not consider additional content for ISO/IEC 27017 Cloud, 27701 Privacy, 27018 Processing – IT NEEDS TO

Table 1 provides a mapping from the security controls in NIST Special Publication 800-53 to the security controls in ISO/IEC 27001. Please review the introductory text above before employing the mappings in Table 1.

TABLE 1: MAPPING NIST SP 800-53 TO ISO/IEC 27001

NIST SP 800-53 CONTROLS		ISO/IEC 27001 CONTROLS
		Note: An asterisk (*) indicates that the ISO/IEC control does not fully satisfy the intent of the NIST control.
AC-1	Access Control Policy and Procedures	5.2, 5.3, 7.5.1, 7.5.2, 7.5.3, A.5.1.1, A.5.1.2, A.6.1.1, A.9.1.1, A.12.1.1, A.18.1.1, A.18.2.2
AC-2	Account Management	A.9.2.1, A.9.2.2, A.9.2.3, A.9.2.5, A.9.2.6
AC-3	Access Enforcement	A.6.2.2, A.9.1.2, A.9.4.1, A.9.4.4, A.9.4.5, A.13.1.1, A.14.1.2, A.14.1.3, A.18.1.3
AC-4	Information Flow Enforcement	A.13.1.3, A.13.2.1, A.14.1.2, A.14.1.3
AC-5	Separation of Duties	A.6.1.2
AC-6	Least Privilege	A.9.1.2, A.9.2.3, A.9.4.4, A.9.4.5
AC-7	Unsuccessful Logon Attempts	A.9.4.2
AC-8	System Use Notification	A.9.4.2
AC-9	Previous Logon Notification	A.9.4.2
AC-10	Concurrent Session Control	None
AC-11	Device Lock	A.11.2.8, A.11.2.9
AC-12	Session Termination	None
AC-13	Withdrawn	---
AC-14	Permitted Actions without Identification or Authentication	None
AC-15	Withdrawn	---
AC-16	Security and Privacy Attributes	None
AC-17	Remote Access	A.6.2.1, A.6.2.2, A.13.1.1, A.13.2.1, A.14.1.2
AC-18	Wireless Access	A.6.2.1, A.13.1.1, A.13.2.1
AC-19	Access Control for Mobile Devices	A.6.2.1, A.11.1.5, A.11.2.6, A.13.2.1
AC-20	Use of External Systems	A.11.2.6, A.13.1.1, A.13.2.1
AC-21	Information Sharing	None
AC-22	Publicly Accessible Content	None
AC-23	Data Mining Protection	None
AC-24	Access Control Decisions	A.9.4.1*
AC-25	Reference Monitor	None
AT-1	Awareness and Training Policy and Procedures	5.2, 5.3, 7.5.1, 7.5.2, 7.5.3, A.5.1.1, A.5.1.2, A.6.1.1, A.12.1.1, A.18.1.1, A.18.2.2
AT-2	Literacy Training and Awareness	7.3, A.7.2.2, A.12.2.1
AT-3	Role-Based Training	A.7.2.2*
AT-4	Training Records	None
AT-5	Withdrawn	---
AT-6	Training Feedback	None
AU-1	Audit and Accountability Policy and Procedures	5.2, 5.3, 7.5.1, 7.5.2, 7.5.3, A.5.1.1, A.5.1.2, A.6.1.1, A.12.1.1, A.18.1.1, A.18.2.2
AU-2	Event Logging	None
AU-3	Content of Audit Records	A.12.4.1*
AU-4	Audit Log Storage Capacity	A.12.1.3
AU-5	Response to Audit Logging Process Failures	None
AU-6	Audit Record Review, Analysis, and Reporting	A.12.4.1, A.16.1.2, A.16.1.4
AU-7	Audit Record Reduction and Report Generation	None
AU-8	Time Stamps	A.12.4.4

NIST SP 800-53 CONTROLS		ISO/IEC 27001 CONTROLS
		Note: An asterisk (*) indicates that the ISO/IEC control does not fully satisfy the intent of the NIST control.
AU-9	Protection of Audit Information	A.12.4.2, A.12.4.3, A.18.1.3
AU-10	Non-repudiation	None
AU-11	Audit Record Retention	A.12.4.1, A.12.4.2, A.12.4.3
AU-12	Audit Record Generation	A.12.4.1, A.12.4.2, A.12.4.3
AU-13	Monitoring and Information Disclosure	None
AU-14	Session Audit	A.12.4.1*
AU-15	Withdrawn	---
AU-16	Cross-Organizational Audit Logging	None
CA-1	Assessment and Authorization Policies and Procedures	5.2, 5.3, 7.5.1, 7.5.2, 7.5.3, A.5.1.1, A.5.1.2, A.6.1.1, A.12.1.1, A.18.1.1, A.18.2.2
CA-2	Control Assessments	A.12.1.2, A.18.1.2, A.18.2.2
CA-3	Information Exchange	A.13.1.2, A.13.2.1, A.13.2.2
CA-4	Withdrawn	---
CA-5	Plan of Action and Milestones	8.3, 9.2, 10.1*
CA-6	Authorization	9.3*
CA-7	Continuous Monitoring	9.1, 9.2, A.18.2.2, A.18.2.3*
CA-8	Security Plans	None
CA-9	Internal System Connections	None
CM-1	Configuration Management Policy and Procedures	5.2, 5.3, 7.5.1, 7.5.2, 7.5.3, A.5.1.1, A.5.1.2, A.6.1.1, A.12.1.1, A.18.1.1, A.18.2.2
CM-2	Baseline Configuration	None
CM-3	Configuration Change Control	A.5.1.1, A.12, A.14.2.2, A.14.2.3, A.14.2.4
CM-4	Impact Analyses	A.14.2.2
CM-5	Access Restrictions for Change	A.9.2.3, A.9.4.5, A.12.1.2, A.12.1.4, A.12.5.1
CM-6	Configuration Settings	None
CM-7	Least Functionality	A.12.5.1*
CM-8	System Component Inventory	A.12.1.1, A.12.1.2
CM-9	Configuration Management Tools	A.6.1.1, A.12.1.2
CM-10	Software Usage Restrictions	None
CM-11	User-Installed Software	A.12.5.1, A.12.6.2
CM-12	Information Location	None
CM-13	Data Action Mapping	None
CM-14	Signed Component	None
CP-1	Contingency Planning Policy and Procedures	5.2, 5.3, 7.5.1, 7.5.2, 7.5.3, A.5.1.1, A.5.1.2, A.6.1.1, A.12.1.1, A.18.1.1, A.18.2.2
CP-2	Contingency Plan	7.5.1, 7.5.2, 7.5.3, A.6.1.1, A.17.1.1, A.17.2.1
CP-3	Contingency Training	A.7.2.2*
CP-4	Contingency Plan Testing	A.7.2.2
CP-5	Withdrawn	---
CP-6	Alternate Storage Sites	A.11.1, A.17.1.2, A.17.2.1
CP-7	Alternate Processing Sites	A.11.1, A.17.1.2, A.17.2.1
CP-8	Telecommunications Services	A.11.2.2, A.17.1.2
CP-9	System Backup	A.12.3.1, A.17.1.2, A.18.1.3
CP-10	System Recovery and Reconstitution	A.17.1.2
CP-11	Alternate Communications Protocols	A.17.1.2*
CP-12	Safe Mode	None
CP-13	Alternative Security Mechanisms	A.17.1.2*
IA-1	Identification and Authentication Policy and Procedures	5.2, 5.3, 7.5.1, 7.5.2, 7.5.3, A.5.1.1, A.5.1.2, A.6.1.1, A.12.1.1, A.18.1.1, A.18.2.2

ISO/IEC 27001 CONTROLS	
Note: An asterisk (*) indicates that the ISO/IEC control does not fully satisfy the intent of the NIST control.	
ROLES	None
Authentication	None
Identification	None
Procedures	5.2, 5.3, 7.5.1, 7.5.2, 7.5.3, A.5.1.1, A.18.1.1, A.18.2.2
Security	None
Security Policies	None
Security Procedures	5.2, 5.3, 7.5.1, 7.5.2, 7.5.3, A.5.1.1, A.18.1.1, A.18.2.2
Security Requirements	None
Security Standards	None
Security Tools	None
Security Training	None
Security Awareness	None
Security Policies	None
Security Procedures	5.2, 5.3, 7.5.1, 7.5.2, 7.5.3, A.5.1.1, A.18.1.1, A.18.2.2
Security Requirements	None
Security Standards	None
Security Tools	None
Security Training	None
Security Awareness	None
Security Policies	None
Security Procedures	5.2, 5.3, 7.5.1, 7.5.2, 7.5.3, A.5.1.1, A.18.1.1, A.18.2.2
Security Requirements	None
Security Standards	None
Security Tools	None
Security Training	None
Security Awareness	None
Security Policies	None
Security Procedures	5.2, 5.3, 7.5.1, 7.5.2, 7.5.3, A.5.1.1, A.18.1.1, A.18.2.2
Security Requirements	None
Security Standards	None
Security Tools	None
Security Training	None
Security Awareness	None
Security Policies	None
Security Procedures	5.2, 5.3, 7.5.1, 7.5.2, 7.5.3, A.5.1.1, A.18.1.1, A.18.2.2
Security Requirements	None
Security Standards	None
Security Tools	None
Security Training	None
Security Awareness	None
Security Policies	None
Security Procedures	5.2, 5.3, 7.5.1, 7.5.2, 7.5.3, A.5.1.1, A.18.1.1, A.18.2.2
Security Requirements	None
Security Standards	None
Security Tools	None
Security Training	None
Security Awareness	None
Security Policies	None
Security Procedures	5.2, 5.3, 7.5.1, 7.5.2, 7.5.3, A.5.1.1, A.18.1.1, A.18.2.2
Security Requirements	None
Security Standards	None
Security Tools	None
Security Training	None
Security Awareness	None
Security Policies	None
Security Procedures	5.2, 5.3, 7.5.1, 7.5.2, 7.5.3, A.5.1.1, A.18.1.1, A.18.2.2
Security Requirements	None
Security Standards	None
Security Tools	None
Security Training	None
Security Awareness	None
Security Policies	None
Security Procedures	5.2, 5.3, 7.5.1, 7.5.2, 7.5.3, A.5.1.1, A.18.1.1, A.18.2.2
Security Requirements	None
Security Standards	None
Security Tools	None
Security Training	None
Security Awareness	None
Security Policies	None
Security Procedures	5.2, 5.3, 7.5.1, 7.5.2, 7.5.3, A.5.1.1, A.18.1.1, A.18.2.2
Security Requirements	None
Security Standards	None
Security Tools	None
Security Training	None
Security Awareness	None
Security Policies	None
Security Procedures	5.2, 5.3, 7.5.1, 7.5.2, 7.5.3, A.5.1.1, A.18.1.1, A.18.2.2
Security Requirements	None
Security Standards	None
Security Tools	None
Security Training	None
Security Awareness	None
Security Policies	None
Security Procedures	5.2, 5.3, 7.5.1, 7.5.2, 7.5.3, A.5.1.1, A.18.1.1, A.18.2.2
Security Requirements	None
Security Standards	None
Security Tools	None
Security Training	None
Security Awareness	None
Security Policies	None
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Misunderstood Content – due to lack of a control library and lack of subject matter experience by domain and assessment.

Test_ID ▾	Edition or Source ▾	Control ID:Co...	Policy Review Status ▾	Detail Control Description (UCF) ▾	Mapped testing or practices ▾	Mapping Status ▾	PIMS Specification ISO/IEC 277...	Policies Standards
ISO2701_C6.1.1 General	ISO/IEC 27001:2013 €	C.6.1 Actions to addre...	PIMS Applied 27701/27018	6.1.1 General When planning for the information security management system, the organization shall consi...	A.12.6.1; A.18.2.1; A.12.7.1; A.16.1.4; CA-2(2); CA-9...	ISO27001/27002/27017/27...	ISO/IEC 27701:2019(E) 5.4.1 Actions to ...	Information Security a
ISO2701_C6.1.2 Information security risk assessment	ISO/IEC 27001:2013 €	C.6.1 Actions to addre...	PIMS Applied 27701/27018	6.1.2 Information security risk assessment The organization shall define and apply an information security ri...	A.12.6.1; A.18.2.1; A.12.7.1; A.16.1.4; CA-2(2); CA-9...	ISO27001/27002/27017/27...	ISO/IEC 27701:2019(E) 5.4.1 Actions to ...	Code of Conduct Polic
ISO2701_C6.1.3 Information security risk treatment	ISO/IEC 27001:2013 €	C.6.1 Actions to addre...	PIMS Applied 27701/27018	6.1.3 Information security risk treatment The organization shall define and apply information security <i>and p...</i>	A.12.6.1; A.18.2.1; A.12.7.1; A.16.1.4; CA-2(2); CA-9...	ISO27001/27002/27017/27...	ISO/IEC 27701:2019(E) 5.4.1.3 Informat...	CAPA Log Form; CAPA
ISO2701_C7.5.1 General - Documented information	ISO/IEC 27001:2013 €	C.7.5 Documented inf...	PIMS Applied 27701/27018	7.5.1 General - Documented information The organization's information security <i>and privacy</i> management s...	A.12.1.1; ISO13485_7.5.1; CM-3(1); CM-3(2); SA-8(2...	ISO27001/27002/27017/27...	ISO/IEC 27701:2019(E) 5.5.5.1 General ...	Document Manageme
ISO2701_C7.5.2 Creating and updating documented informa...	ISO/IEC 27001:2013 €	C.7.5 Documented inf...	PIMS Applied 27701/27018	7.5.2 Creating and updating - Documented information When creating and updating documented informat...	A.12.1.1; A.12.7.1; ISO13485_7.5.1; CM-3(1); CM-3(...	ISO27001/27002/27017/27...	ISO/IEC 27701:2019(E) 5.5.5.2 Creating ...	Document Manageme
ISO2701_C7.5.3 Control of documented information	ISO/IEC 27001:2013 €	C.7.5 Documented inf...	PIMS Applied 27701/27018	7.5.3 Control of documented information Documented information required by the information security <i>an...</i>	A.12.1.1; A.12.7.1; ISO13485_7.5.1; CM-3(1); CM-3(...	ISO27001/27002/27017/27...	ISO/IEC 27701:2019(E) 5.5.5.3 Control ...	Document Manageme
A.5.1.1 Policies for information security	ISO/IEC 27002:2013 €	A.5.1 Management dir...	PIMS Applied 27701/27018	Policy: The Information Security and Privacy Policy outlines the high-level policies and principles that must ...	A.6.1.1; HT_4.a; HT_4.b; HT_6.b; HT_6.d; HT_6.e; HT...	ISO27001/27002/27017/27...	ISO/IEC 27018:2019(E) 5.1.1 Policies for ...	Acceptable Use Policy;
A.5.1.2 Review of the policies for information security	ISO/IEC 27002:2013 €	A.5.1 Management dir...	PIMS Applied 27701/27018	Policy: The CIO, (Chief Information Officer) and CSO (Chief Security Officer) are responsible for the mainten...	HT_6.b; HT_6.d; HT_6.e; HT_6.f; GMP5_ADX_O11-4...	ISO27001/27002/27017/27...	ISO/IEC 27018:2019(E) 5.1.2 Review of ...	Information Security a
A.6.1.1 Information security roles and responsibilities	ISO/IEC 27002:2013 €	A.6.1 Internal organiz...	PIMS Applied 27701/27018	Policy: Allocation of information security <i>and privacy</i> responsibilities is done in accordance with the informa...	HT_2.a; HT_2.d; HT_2.e; HT_5.c; GMP5_ADX_M1-5...	ISO27001/27002/27017/27...	ISO/IEC 27018:2019(E) 6.1.1 Informa...	Code of Conduct Polic
A.6.1.2 Segregation of duties	ISO/IEC 27002:2013 €	A.6.1 Internal organiz...	PIMS Applied 27701/27018	Policy: Assets used in the path of critical business operations, such as those related to revenue, provisioning ...	A.13.1.2; A.13.1.3; SC-7(20); HT_9.a.b; HT_9.c; HT_9...	ISO27001/27002/27017/27...	ISO/IEC 27018:2019(E) 6.1.2 Segreg...	Asset Life Cycle Manag
A.6.1.3 Contact with authorities	ISO/IEC 27002:2013 €	A.6.1 Internal organiz...	PIMS Applied 27701/27018	Policy: Cooperation between organizations The CIO must maintain appropriate contacts with such agencies ...	HT_5.a; HT_5.b; HT_5.c; HT_5.d; HT_5.e; HT_5.f; HT...	ISO27001/27002/27017/27...	ISO/IEC 27018:2019(E) 6.1.3 Contact w...	Incident Management
A.6.1.4 Contact with special interest groups	ISO/IEC 27002:2013 €	A.6.1 Internal organiz...	PIMS Applied 27701/27018	Policy: Information Security Privacy and Risk Management personnel are required to maintain appropriate c...	HT_5.a; HT_5.b; HT_5.c; HT_5.d; HT_5.e; HT_5.f; H...	ISO/IEC 27002:2013 €	ISO/IEC 27018:2019(E) 6.1.4 Contact w...	Information Security a
A.6.1.5 Information security in project management	ISO/IEC 27002:2013 €	A.6.1 Internal organiz...	PIMS Applied 27701/27018	Policy: Information Security must be addressed in project management, regardless of the type of project. Inf...	SA-3(3); SA-9(1); SA-9(2); SA-9(3); SA-9(4); SA-9(...	ISO/IEC 27002:2013 €	ISO/IEC 27018:2019(E) 6.1.5 Informa...	Information Techno or
A.6.2.1 Mobile device policy	ISO/IEC 27002:2013 €	A.6.2 Mobile devices ...	PIMS Applied 27701/27018	Policy: The company allows the use of mobile devices to access email and wireless networks. The Mobile De...	AC-4(25); AC-7(2); SI-4(3); 11.10(h); AC-19(4); AC...	ISO/IEC 27002:2013 €	ISO/IEC 27018:2019(E) 6.2 Mobile de...	Bring Your Own Devi
A.6.2.2 Teleworking	ISO/IEC 27002:2013 €	A.6.2 Mobile devices ...	PIMS Applied 27701/27018	Policy: Company management determines the location for work as a part of job description. Once a location...	A.11.2.6; HT_1.y; N171_3.10.6; AC-17(1); SC-7(7); ...	ISO/IEC 27002:2013 €	ISO/IEC 27018:2019(E) 6.2 Mobile de...	Bring Your Own Devi
A.7.1.1 Screening	ISO/IEC 27002:2013 €	A.7.1 Prior to employ...	PIMS Applied 27701/27018	Policy: Employee and consultant new hire verification is completed by HR. In conjunction with the inputs fro...	12.7.0 MISIP; A.15.1.2; PS-3(1); PS-3(2); PS-3(3); P...	ISO/IEC 27002:2013 €	ISO/IEC 27018:2019(E) 7.1 Prior to emp...	Acceptable Use Policy;
A.7.1.2 Terms and conditions of employment	ISO/IEC 27002:2013 €	A.7.1 Prior to employ...	PIMS Applied 27701/27018	Policy: The contractual obligations for employees and contractors should reflect the organization's policies fo...	GMP5_ADX_S5-2.2.5; HT_2.c; HT_5.e; PL-4(1); PS-3(...	ISO/IEC 27002:2013 €	ISO/IEC 27018:2019(E) 7.1 Prior to emp...	Acceptable Use Policy;
A.7.2.1 Management responsibilities	ISO/IEC 27002:2013 €	A.7.2 During employ...	PIMS Applied 27701/27018	Policy: Management responsibilities should include ensuring that employees and contractors are properly b...	A.7.2.1; A.7.2.2; HT_2.a; HT_2.d; HT_2.e; GMP5_4.3...	ISO/IEC 27002:2013 €	ISO/IEC 27018:2019(E) 7.2.1 Managem...	Security and Privacy A
A.7.2.2 Information security awareness, education and traini...	ISO/IEC 27002:2013 €	A.7.2 During employ...	PIMS Applied 27701/27018	Policy: An information security <i>and privacy</i> awareness program is in place to make employees and, where re...	A.7.2.1; A.7.2.2; HT_2.a; HT_2.d; HT_2.e; GMP5_4.3...	ISO27001/27002/27017/27...	ISO/IEC 27018:2019(E) 7.2.2 Informati...	Security and Privacy A
A.7.2.3 Disciplinary process	ISO/IEC 27002:2013 €	A.7.2 During employ...	PIMS Applied 27701/27018	Policy: The disciplinary process should not be commenced without prior verification that an information sec...	11.10(i); A.7.2.1; A.7.2.2; A.16.1.6; AT-2(1); AT-2(2);...	ISO/IEC 27002:2013 €	ISO/IEC 27018:2019(E) 7.2.3 Disciplinar...	Code of Conduct Polic
A.7.3.1 Termination or change of employment responsibilities	ISO/IEC 27002:2013 €	A.7.3 Termination and...	PIMS Applied 27701/27018	Policy: The communication of termination of employment should include notifying information security respons...	A.7.3.1; A.7.3.2; HT_2.a; HT_2.d; HT_2.e; GMP5_4.3...	ISO/IEC 27002:2013 €	ISO/IEC 27018:2019(E) 7.3 Terminat...	Access and Administ

Test level – Source, Clause/Section, Control, Test

Source

Updates base on additional certifications (blue)

Additional detail based upon PIMS

Only relevant when mapped to your policies and standards

NIST 171 r2 and NIST 172 use NIST 800-53 Rev5 as Parent/Family EnterpriseGRC Solutions, Inc.

P 800-171, REVISION 2					PROTECTING CONTROLLED UNCLASSIFIED INFORMATION				
SECURITY REQUIREMENTS		NIST SP 800-53 Relevant Security Controls		ISO/IEC 27001 Relevant Security Controls					
3.13.7 Prevent remote devices from simultaneously establishing non-remote connections with organizational systems and communicating via some other connection to resources in external networks (i.e., split tunneling).	3.13.7	SC-7(7) Boundary Protection Prevent Split Tunneling for Remote Devices		No direct mapping.					
3.13.8 Implement cryptographic mechanisms to prevent unauthorized disclosure of CUI, otherwise protected by alternative physical security measures.	3.13.8	SC-8(1) Transmission Confidentiality and Integrity		No direct mapping.					
3.13.9 Terminate network connections associated with communications sessions at the end of the sessions or after a defined period of inactivity.	3.13.9	SC-10 Network Disconnect		A.13.1.1 Network controls					

N171_3.2 Awareness and Train...	N171_3.2	AT 800-53-RS	NIST 800-171 r2	N171_3.2.1: N17...	N171_3.2.1 Ensure that managers, systems administrators, an...
N171_3.3 Audit and Accounta...	N171_3.3	AU 800-53-RS	NIST 800-171 r2	N171_3.3.1: N17...	N171_3.3.1 Create and retain system audit logs and records t...
N171_3.4 Configuration Mana...	N171_3.4	CM 800-53-RS	NIST 800-171 r2	N171_3.4.1: N17...	N171_3.4.1 Establish and maintain baseline configurations an...
N171_3.5 Identification and A...	N171_3.5	IA 800-53-RS	NIST 800-171 r2	N171_3.5.1: N17...	N171_3.5.1 Identify information system users, processes acti...
N171_3.6 Incident Response	N171_3.6	IR 800-53-RS	NIST 800-171 r2	N171_3.6.1: N17...	N171_3.6.1 Establish an operational incident-handling capabil...
N171_3.7 Maintenance	N171_3.7	MA 800-53-RS	NIST 800-171 r2	N171_3.7.1: N17...	N171_3.7.1 Perform maintenance on organizational informati...
N171_3.8 Media Protection	N171_3.8	MP 800-53-RS	NIST 800-171 r2	N171_3.8.1: N17...	N171_3.8.1 Protect (i.e., physically control and securely store) ...
N171_3.9 Personnel Security	N171_3.9	PS 800-53-RS	NIST 800-171 r2	N171_3.9.1: N17...	N171_3.9.1 Screen individuals prior to authorizing access to L...
N171_3.10 Physical Protection	N171_3.10	PE 800-53-RS	NIST 800-171 r2	N171_3.10.1: N1...	N171_3.10.1 Limit physical access to organizational informati...
N171_3.11 Risk Assessment	N171_3.11	RA 800-53-RS	NIST 800-171 r2	N171_3.11.1: N1...	N171_3.11.1 Periodically assess the risk to organizational oper...
N171_3.12 Security Assessment	N171_3.12	CA 800-53-RS	NIST 800-171 r2	N171_3.12.1: N1...	N171_3.12.1 Periodically assess the security controls in organi...
N171_3.13 System and Comm...	N171_3.13	SC 800-53-RS	NIST 800-171 r2	N171_3.13.1: N1...	N171_3.13.1 Monitor, control, and protect organizational com...
N171_3.14 System and Inform...	N171_3.14	SI 800-53-RS	NIST 800-171 r2	N171_3.14.1: N1...	N171_3.14.1 Identify, report, and correct information and info...

<https://doi.org/10.6028/NIST.SP.800-172>

Test ID	Control ID	Edition or Sou...	Mapping...	Risk Drivers	PROTECTION STRATEGY	Detail Control Description (UCF)	Mapped testing or practices	Mapped test...	Mapped Processes	Mapped Proc...
N171_3.1.1 Limit information ...	N171_3.1	NIST 800-171 r2	NIST800-53...	Add AC-2(1)AC-2(2)AC...		Basic Security Requirements Limit system access to authorized ...	A.6.2.1; A.6.2.2; A.9.1.2; A.9.2.1; A.9.2.2; A...	A.6.2.1 Mobile device...	A.6.2; A.9.1; A.9.2; A.9.4; A...	A.6.2 Mobile devic...
N172_3.1.1e Employ dual aut...	N171_3.1	NIST 800-172	NIST800-53...	Add A.6.1; CA-6 A.6.1.1...	Cyber Resiliency Survivability (CRS)	Employ dual authorization to execute critical or sensitive syste...	A.6.1.1; AC-3(2); AU-9(5); CA-6(2); CM-5(...	A.6.1.1 Information s...	A.6.1; CA-6; CM-5; CP-9; M...	A.6.1 Internal orga...
N172_3.1.2e Restrict access to...	N171_3.1	NIST 800-172	NIST800-53...	Add A.9.2.1	Penetration Resistant Architecture (PRA)	Restrict access to systems and system components to only tho...	AC-20(3); A.9.2.1	AC-20.3 Non-organiz...	AC-20; A.9.2	AC-20 Use of Ete...
N171_3.1.2 Limit information ...	N171_3.1	NIST 800-171 r2	NIST800-53...	FIX THIS - "users" is cri...		Limit system access to the types of transactions and functions t...	A.9.4.1; A.14.1.2; AC-3(3); AC-3(4); AC-3(7...	A.9.4.1 Information a...	A.9.4; A.14.1; AC-3; AC-17	A.9.4 System and...
N171_3.1.3 Control the flow o...	N171_3.1	NIST 800-171 r2	NIST800-53...	Add AC-4(10)		Derived Security Requirements Control the flow of CUI in accor...	A.13.1.3; A.13.2.1; A.14.1.2; A.14.1.3; AC-4...	A.13.1.3 Segregation ...	AC-4; A.13.1; A.13.2; A.14.1	AC-4 Information
N172_3.1.3e Employ organiza...	N171_3.1	NIST 800-172	NIST800-53...	Add A.13.2.1	Penetration Resistant Architecture (PRA)	Employ (Assignment: organization-defined secure information ...	AC-4(1); AC-4(6); AC-4(8); AC-4(13); AC-4...	AC-4.1 Object Secur...	AC-4; A.13.2	AC-4 Information
N171_3.1.4 Separate the dutie...	N171_3.1	NIST 800-171 r2	NIST800-53...	Add SA-17(7)		Separate the duties of individuals to reduce the risk of malevol...	A.6.1.2; SA-17(7)	A.6.1.2 Segregation o...	AC-5; A.6.1; SA-17	AC-5 Separation c...

References:
[PRIVACY], [OMB A-130], [SP 800-57-1], [NIST 800-53-1]

TABLE C-1: ACCESS CONTROL REQUIREMENT MAPPINGS					
SECURITY REQUIREMENTS		Defense-in-Depth Protection Strategy			NIST SP 800-53 Relevant Security Controls
		PRA	DLO	CRS	
3.1.1e Employ dual authorization to execute critical or sensitive system and organizational operations.		X	X		AC-3(2) Access Enforcement Dual Authorization
					Protection of Audit Information
					Dual Authorization
					Access Restriction for Change
					Dual Authorization
					Backup
					Dual Authorization for Deletion or Destruction
					Media Sanitization
					Dual Authorization
					Use of External Systems
					Non-Organizationally Owned Systems—Restricted Use
3.1.2e Restrict access to systems and system components to only those information resources that are owned, provisioned, or issued by the organization.		X			AC-20(3)

NIST SP800 171r2 and 172 add Protection Strategy and Mapped Meta Data

Test_ID	Control ID	Edition or Source	Mapping	Risk Drivers	PROTECTION STRATEGY	Detail Control Description (UCF)	Mapped testing or practices	Mapped test...	Mapped Processes	Mapped Processes:Control Objective	Mapped testing or practices:Problem Metadata
N171_3.1.1 Limit information...	N171_3.1	NIST 800-171 r2	NIST800-53...	Add AC-2(1);AC-2(2);AC-...		Basic Security Requirements Limit system access to authorized...	A.6.2.1; A.6.2.2; A.9.1.2; A.9.2.1; A.9.2.2; A...	A.6.2.1 Mobile device...	A.6.2; A.9.1; A.9.2; A.9.4; A.1...	A.6.2 Mobile devices and teleworking; A.9.1 Busin...	AUTOMATIC NOTIFICATION; MONITOR ACCOUNT USAGE; TELEPHONE NOTIFICATION; EMAIL ALERT...
N172_3.1.1e Employ dual aut...	N171_3.1	NIST 800-172	NIST800-53...	Add A.6.1;CA-6 A.6.1.1;...	Cyber Resiliency Survivability (CRS)	Employ dual authorization to execute critical or sensitive syste...	A.6.1.1; AC-3(2); AU-9(5); CA-6(2); CM-5(...	A.6.1.1 Information s...	A.6.1; CA-6; CM-5; CP-9; M...	A.6.1 Internal organization; CA-6 Authorization; C...	DUAL AUTHORIZATION; PRIVILEGED COMMANDS; TWO-PERSON CONTROL; RESILIENCY; RESILIENCE
N172_3.1.2e Restrict access to...	N171_3.1	NIST 800-172	NIST800-53...	Add A.9.2.1	Penetration Resistant Architecture (PRA)	Restrict access to systems and system components to only thos...	AC-20(3); A.9.2.1	AC-20.3 Non-organiz...	AC-20; A.9.2	AC-20 Use of External Systems; A.9.2 User access ...	BYOD; EXTERNALLY OWNED; RESTRICTIONS; FORENSIC ANALYSIS; BRING YOUR OWN DEVICE
N171_3.1.2 Limit information...	N171_3.1	NIST 800-171 r2	NIST800-53...	FIX THIS - "users" is cri...		Limit system access to the types of transactions and functions L...	A.9.4.1; A.14.1.2; AC-3(3); AC-3(4); AC-3(7)...	A.9.4.1 Information a...	A.9.4; A.14.1; AC-3; AC-17	A.9.4 System and application access control; A.14...	MANDATORY ACCESS CONTROL; MAC; MANDATORY ACCESS CONTROL POLICY; LEAST PRIVILEGE; TR...
N171_3.1.3 Control the flow o...	N171_3.1	NIST 800-171 r2	NIST800-53...	Add AC-4(10)		Derived Security Requirements Control the flow of CUI in accor...	A.13.1.3; A.13.2.1; A.14.1.2; A.14.1.3; AC-4...	A.13.1.3 Segregation ...	AC-4; A.13.1; A.13.2; A.14.1	AC-4 Information Flow Enforcement; A.13.1 Netw...	DISABLE SECURITY POLICY FILTERS; ENABLE SECURITY POLICY FILTERS
N172_3.1.3e Employ organiza...	N171_3.1	NIST 800-172	NIST800-53...	Add A.13.2.1	Penetration Resistant Architecture (PRA)	Employ (Assignment: organization-defined secure information ...	AC-4(1); AC-4(6); AC-4(8); AC-4(13); AC-4...	AC-4.1 Object Secur...	AC-4; A.13.2	AC-4 Information Flow Enforcement; A.13.2 Infor...	SECURITY ATTRIBUTES; INFORMATION FLOW ENFORCEMENT; METADATA; SECURITY POLICY FILTERS;
N171_3.1.4 Separate the dutie...	N171_3.1	NIST 800-171 r2	NIST800-53...	Add SA-17(7)		Separate the duties of individuals to reduce the risk of malevol...	A.6.1.2; SA-17(7)	A.6.1.2 Segregation o...	AC-5; A.6.1; SA-17	AC-5 Separation of Duties; A.6.1 Internal organiz...	LEAST PRIVILEGE; RESILIENCY; RESILIENCE
N171_3.1.5 Employ the princ...	N171_3.1	NIST 800-171 r2	NIST800-53...	Add A.9.1.2;A.9.2.3;A.9.4...		Employ the principle of least privilege, including for specific sec...	A.9.1.2; A.9.2.3; A.9.4.4; A.9.4.5; AC-6(1); ...	A.9.1.2 Access to net...	AC-6; A.9.1; A.9.2; A.9.4	AC-6 Least Privilege; A.9.1 Business requirements...	EXPLICIT AUTHORIZATION; PERMISSIONS; PRIVILEGES; INTRUSION DETECTION PARAMETERS; RESILIENCE
N171_3.1.6 Use non-privilege...	N171_3.1	NIST 800-171 r2	NIST800-53...	Add A.9.2.3		Use non-privileged accounts or roles when accessing nonsecur...	AC-6(2); A.9.2.3	AC-6.2 Non-privileg...	AC-6; A.9.2	AC-6 Least Privilege; A.9.2 User access managem...	ROLE-BASED ACCESS CONTROL; RBAC; PRIVILEGED ACCOUNTS; NON-PRIVILEGED ACCOUNTS; RESILIENCE
N171_3.1.7 Prevent non-privil...	N171_3.1	NIST 800-171 r2	NIST800-53...	Add CM-7(2)		Prevent non-privileged users from executing privileged functio...	AC-6(9); AC-6(10); CM-7(2)	AC-6.9 Log Use of Pri...	AC-6; A.9.2; CM-7	AC-6 Least Privilege; A.9.2 User access managem...	AUDITING PRIVILEGED FUNCTIONS; NON-PRIVILEGED USERS; PRIVILEGED FUNCTIONS; SECURITY SA...
N171_3.1.8 Limit unsuccessful...	N171_3.1	NIST 800-171 r2	NIST800-53...	Add AC-9; A.9.4.2; AC-7(2)...		Limit unsuccessful login attempts. DISCUSSION This requirem...	A.9.4.2; AC-7(2); AC-7(3); AC-7(4); AC-9(1)...	A.9.4.2 Secure log-on...	AC-7; A.9.4; AC-9	AC-7 Unsuccessful Logon Attempts; A.9.4 System...	MOBILE DEVICE; Wiping; PURGING; UNSUCCESSFUL LOGON; BIOMETRIC; LOGON ATTEMPT LIMIT; A...
N171_3.1.9 Provide privacy an...	N171_3.1	NIST 800-171 r2	NIST800-53...	Add PT-4(1);PT-4(2);PT-4...		Provide privacy and security notices consistent with applicable ...	A.9.4.2; PT-4(1); PT-4(2); PT-4(3); PT-5(1); ...	A.9.4.2 Secure log-on...	AC-8; A.9.4; PT-5	AC-8 System Use Notification; A.9.4 System and a...	Tailored Consent; Just-in-time Consent; Revocation Revoke Consent; Just-in-time Notice; Privacy Act S...
N171_3.1.10 Use session lock ...	N171_3.1	NIST 800-171 r2	NIST800-53...			Use session lock with pattern-hiding displays to prevent access...	AC-11(1); A.11.2.8; A.11.2.9	AC-11.1 PATTERN-HID...	AC-11; A.11.2	AC-11 Device Lock; A.11.2 Equipment	SCREEN CONCEALMENT; SESSION LOCK
N171_3.1.11 Terminate (auto...	N171_3.1	NIST 800-171 r2	NIST800-53...	NIST (SP 800-63) Play ...		Terminate (automatically) a user session after a defined conditi...	AC-12(3); MA-4(7); A.9.4.2	AC-12.3 Timeout War...	AC-12; MA-4; A.9.4	AC-12 Session Termination; MA-4 Nonlocal Main...	SESSION TERMINATION; REMOTE DISCONNECT VERIFICATION; REMOTE CONNECTION TERMINATION
N171_3.1.12 Monitor and con...	N171_3.1	NIST 800-171 r2	NIST800-53...	Add A.11.4.1		Monitor and control remote access sessions. DISCUSSION Rem...	AC-17(1); A.12.4.1	AC-17.1 AUTOMATED...	AC-17; A.12.4	AC-17 Remote Access; A.12.4 Logging and monit...	AUTOMATED MONITORING; UNLIMITED CONTROL
N171_3.1.13 Employ cryptogr...	N171_3.1	NIST 800-171 r2	NIST800-53...	Add A.9.1.2		Employ cryptographic mechanisms to protect the confidentiality...	AC-17(2); A.9.1.2	AC-17.2 PROTECTIO...	AC-17; A.9.1	AC-17 Remote Access; A.9.1 Business requiremen...	ENCRYPTION; SESSION CONFIDENTIALITY; SESSION INTEGRITY; SECURITY CATEGORIZATION
N171_3.1.14 Manage remote ac...	N171_3.1	NIST 800-171 r2	NIST800-53...	Add A.11.2; A.12.4.1; A...		Route remote access via managed access control points. DISCU...	AC-17(3); A.13.2.1; CA-3(6); SC-7(4)	AC-17.3 MANAGED A...	AC-17; A.13.2; CA-3; SC-7	AC-17 Remote Access; A.13.2 Information transfe...	ACCESS CONTROL POINTS; TRUSTED INTERNET CONNECTIONS; HIGH-VALUE ASSETS; SECONDARY C...
N171_3.1.15 Authorize remot...	N171_3.1	NIST 800-171 r2	NIST800-53...	Add A.11.2		Authorize remote execution of privileged commands and remo...	AC-17(4); A.13.2.1	AC-17.4 PRIVILEGED ...	AC-17; A.13.2	AC-17 Remote Access; A.13.2 Information transfer	PRIVILEGED COMMANDS
N171_3.1.16 Authorize wirel...	N171_3.1	NIST 800-171 r2	NIST800-53...	Add AC-18(1);AC-18(4)...		Authorize wireless access prior to allowing such connections; D...	A.6.2.1; A.13.1.1; A.13.2.1; AC-18(1); AC-1...	A.6.2.1 Mobile device...	AC-18; A.6.1; A.13.2	AC-18 Wireless Access; A.6.1 Internal organiz...	WIRELESS AUTHENTICATION; ENCRYPTION; AUTHORIZED USER; CONFIGURING WIRELESS NETWORK...
N171_3.1.17 Protect wireless ...	N171_3.1	NIST 800-171 r2	NIST800-53...	Add A.11.1		Protect wireless access using authentication and encryption. DI...	AC-18(1); AC-18(5); A.13.1.2	AC-18.1 Authentica...	AC-18; A.13.1	AC-18 Wireless Access; A.13.1 Network security ...	WIRELESS AUTHENTICATION; ENCRYPTION; WIRELESS TRANSMISSIONS; REDUCE TRANSMISSION PO...
N171_3.1.18 Control connect...	N171_3.1	NIST 800-171 r2	NIST800-53...	FIX THIS - includes the ...		Control connection of mobile devices. DISCUSSION A mobile d...	A.6.2.1; AC-7(2); AC-19(4); AC-19(5); CM-...	A.6.2.1 Mobile device...	A.6.2; AC-7; SC-18; SC-28; ...	A.6.2 Mobile devices and teleworking; AC-7 Unsu...	MOBILE DEVICE; Wiping; PURGING; UNSUCCESSFUL LOGON; UNCLASSIFIED MOBILE DEVICES; CLAS...
N171_3.1.19 Encrypt CUI on ...	N171_3.1	NIST 800-171 r2	NIST800-53...			Encrypt CUI on mobile devices and mobile computing platform...	AC-19(5)	AC-19.5 Full Device o...	AC-19	AC-19 Access Control for Mobile Devices	FULL-DEVICE ENCRYPTION; CONTAINER-BASED ENCRYPTION
N171_3.1.20 Verify and contr...	N171_3.1	NIST 800-171 r2	NIST800-53...			Verify and control/limit connections to and use of external syst...	A.11.2.6; A.13.1.1; A.13.2.1; AC-20(1)	A.11.2.6 Security of e...	AC-20; A.11.2; A.13.1; A.13.2	AC-20 Use of External Systems; A.11.2 Equipment...	CONNECTION AGREEMENT; PROCESSING AGREEMENT; LIMITS; SECURITY ASSESSMENT; EXTERNAL S...
N171_3.1.21 Limit use of orga...	N171_3.1	NIST 800-171 r2	NIST800-53...	This is addressed in IS...		Limit use of portable storage devices on external systems. DISC...	A.12.3.1; AC-20(2); AC-20(5)	A.12.3.1 Information ...	AC-20	AC-20 Use of External Systems	PORTABLE STORAGE DEVICES, RESTRICT; PROHIBIT; Portable Storage Devices — Prohibited Use
N171_3.1.22 Control informat...	N171_3.1	NIST 800-171 r2	NIST800-53...	Add PL-4(1); PM-20(1)		Control CUI posted or processed on publicly accessible system...	PL-4(1); PM-20(1)	PL-4.1 Social Media a...	AC-22; PL-4; PM-20	AC-22 Publicly Accessible Content; PL-4 Rules of ...	SOCIAL MEDIA; NETWORK RESTRICTIONS; PUBLIC WEBSITE; Dissemination of Privacy Program Inform...
N171_3.2.1 Ensure that mana...	N171_3.2	NIST 800-171 r2	NIST800-53...	Add A.7.2.2; A.12.2.1; AT...		AWARENESS AND TRAINING Basic Security Requirements Ensu...	A.7.2.2; A.12.2.1; AT-2(1); AT-2(2); AT-2(3)...	A.7.2.2 Information s...	AT-2; A.7.2; A.12.2	AT-2 SECURITY AWARENESS TRAINING; A.7.2 Dur...	PHISHING; MALICIOUS LINKS; PRACTICAL EXERCISES; PRIVACY; INSIDER THREAT; INDICATORS; INAP...

New Attribute

Update Mappings

Source document

R5 draft list attribute keywords

CSF Tools Depends upon Framework Updates

FRAMEWORKS AND CONTROLS

NIST Cybersecurity Framework

[CSF Version 1.1 \[Summary\]](#)

NIST Special Publication 800-53

[NIST SP 800-53, Revision 4 \[Summary\]](#)

[NIST SP 800-53, Revision 5 \[Summary\]](#)

CSA Cloud Controls Matrix

[Cloud Controls Matrix v3.0.1 \[Summary\]](#) (Update to CCM 4 in process)

CIS Critical Security Controls

[Critical Security Controls v7.1 \[Summary\]](#) (Update to CSC 8.1 in process)

[STRIDE-LM Threat Model](#)



Welcome to CSF Tools



This site contains a number of helpful tools that will make the NIST Cybersecurity Framework (CSF) more understandable and accessible. Some of those tools are outlined below.

Visualize

Visualize the Cyber Security Framework, security control sets, or threat modeling in a variety of formats.



Summarize

Get a filterable overview of the Cyber Security Framework and corresponding security control sets.

Explore

Take a deep dive into the Cyber Security Framework, security control sets, and threat models.

Search ...



FRAMEWORKS AND CONTROLS

- NIST Cybersecurity Framework
 - [CSF Version 1.1 \[Summary\]](#)
- NIST Special Publication 800-53
 - [NIST SP 800-53, Revision 4 \[Summary\]](#)
 - [NIST SP 800-53, Revision 5 \[Summary\]](#)
- CSA Cloud Controls Matrix
 - [Cloud Controls Matrix v3.0.1 \[Summary\]](#)
- CIS Critical Security Controls
 - [Critical Security Controls v7.1 \[Summary\]](#)
- STRIDE-LM Threat Model

NIST Cyber Security Framework CSF

Control Enhancements

[RA-5\(2\): Update Vulnerabilities to Be Scanned](#)

BASELINE(S): Low Moderate High

Update the system vulnerabilities to be scanned [Assignment: (one or more): [Assignment: organization-defined frequency] , prior to a new scan, when new vulnerabilities are identified and reported].

[RA-5\(3\): Breadth and Depth of Coverage](#)

BASELINE(S): (Not part of any baseline)

Define the breadth and depth of vulnerability scanning coverage.

[RA-5\(4\): Discoverable Information](#)

BASELINE(S): High

Determine information about the system that is discoverable and take [Assignment: organization-defined corrective actions].

[RA-5\(5\): Privileged Access](#)

BASELINE(S): Moderate High

Implement privileged access authorization to [Assignment: organization-defined system components] for [Assignment: organization-defined vulnerability scanning activities].

[RA-5\(6\): Automated Trend Analyses](#)

BASELINE(S): (Not part of any baseline)

Compare the results of multiple vulnerability scans using [Assignment: organization-defined automated mechanisms].

[RA-5\(8\): Review Historic Audit Logs](#)

BASELINE(S): (Not part of any baseline)

Review historic audit logs to determine if a vulnerability identified in a [Assignment: organization-defined system] has been previously exploited within an [Assignment: organization-defined time period].

[RA-5\(10\): Correlate Scanning Information](#)

BASELINE(S): (Not part of any baseline)

Correlate the output from vulnerability scanning tools to determine the presence of multi-vulnerability and multi-hop attack vectors.

[RA-5\(11\): Public Disclosure Program](#)

BASELINE(S): Low Moderate High

Establish a public reporting channel for receiving reports of vulnerabilities in organizational systems and system components.

[Vulnerability Monitoring and Scanning – CSF Tools](#)

[NIST Special Publication 800-53](#) > [NIST SP 800-53, Revision 5](#) > [RA: Risk Assessment](#)

RA-5: Vulnerability Monitoring and Scanning

Control Family: [Risk Assessment](#)

CSF Relationships: [ID.RA-1: Asset vulnerabilities are identified and documented](#)
[PR.IP-12: A vulnerability management plan is developed and implemented](#)
[DE.AE-2: Detected events are analyzed to understand attack targets...](#)
[DE.CM-8: Vulnerability scans are performed](#)
[DE.DP-4: Event detection information is communicated](#)
[DE.DP-5: Detection processes are continuously improved](#)
[RS.AN-1: Notifications from detection systems are investigated](#)
[RS.MI-3: Newly identified vulnerabilities are mitigated or documented...](#)

Baselines:

Low	RA-5 (2) (11)
Moderate	RA-5 (2) (5) (11)
High	RA-5 (2) (4) (5) (11)
Privacy	N/A

Previous Version: NIST Special Publication 800-53 Revision 4 ([RA-5](#))



Incorporates the following control from the previous version: [RA-5 \(1\): Update Tool Capability](#).

Control

- Monitor and scan for vulnerabilities in the system and hosted applications [Assignment: organization-defined frequency and/or randomly in accordance with organization-defined process] and when new vulnerabilities potentially affecting the system are identified and reported;
- Employ vulnerability monitoring tools and techniques that facilitate interoperability among tools and automate parts of the vulnerability management process by using standards for:

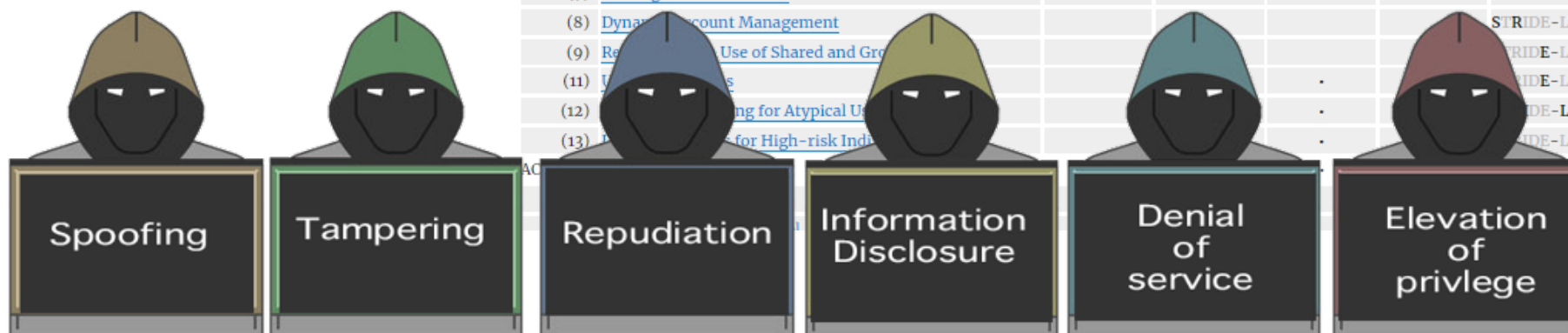
Search ...



FRAMEWORKS AND CONTROLS

- NIST Cybersecurity Framework
 - CSF Version 1.1 [Summary]
- NIST Special Publication 800-53
 - NIST SP 800-53, Revision 4 [Summary]
 - NIST SP 800-53, Revision 5 [Summary]
 - AC: Access Control
 - AT: Awareness and Training
 - AU: Audit and Accountability
 - CA: Assessment, Authorization, and Monitoring
 - CM: Configuration Management
 - CP: Contingency Planning
 - IA: Identification and Authentication
 - IR: Incident Response

STRIDE – CSF Tool Depends Upon Updates to NIST SP 800-53 Rev 5, CSA CCM 4.0, CIS CSC 8.1



NIST Special Publication 800-53 Revision 5

This page contains an overview of the controls provided by NIST to protect organization personnel and assets. NIST includes baselines for various security levels. The “Low” security level is applicable to all assets.

Filter Controls

Name contains: ☐ Include control language in search

Family: (any) Baseline: (any) Threat: (any) **APPLY** **CLEAR**

ID	Name	Low	Moderate	High	Privacy	Threats
AC-1	Policy and Procedures	.	.	.	.	STRIDE-LM
AC-2	Account Management	.	.	.	.	STRIDE-LM
(1)	Automated System Account Management		.	.		STRIDE-LM
(2)	Automated Temporary and Emergency Account Management		.	.		STRIDE-LM
(3)	Disable Accounts		.	.		STRIDE-LM
(4)	Automated Audit Actions		.	.		STRIDE-LM
(5)	Inactivity Logout		.	.		STRIDE-LM
(6)	Dynamic Privilege Management					STRIDE-LM
(7)	Privileged User Accounts					STRIDE-LM
(8)	Dynamic Account Management					STRIDE-LM
(9)	Restrict Use of Shared and Group Accounts					STRIDE-LM
(11)	Monitor and Control Use of Privileged Accounts			.		STRIDE-LM
(12)	Limit Use of Privileged Accounts for Atypical Users			.		STRIDE-LM
(13)	Limit Use of Privileged Accounts for High-risk Individuals			.		STRIDE-LM

Search ...



FRAMEWORKS AND CONTROLS

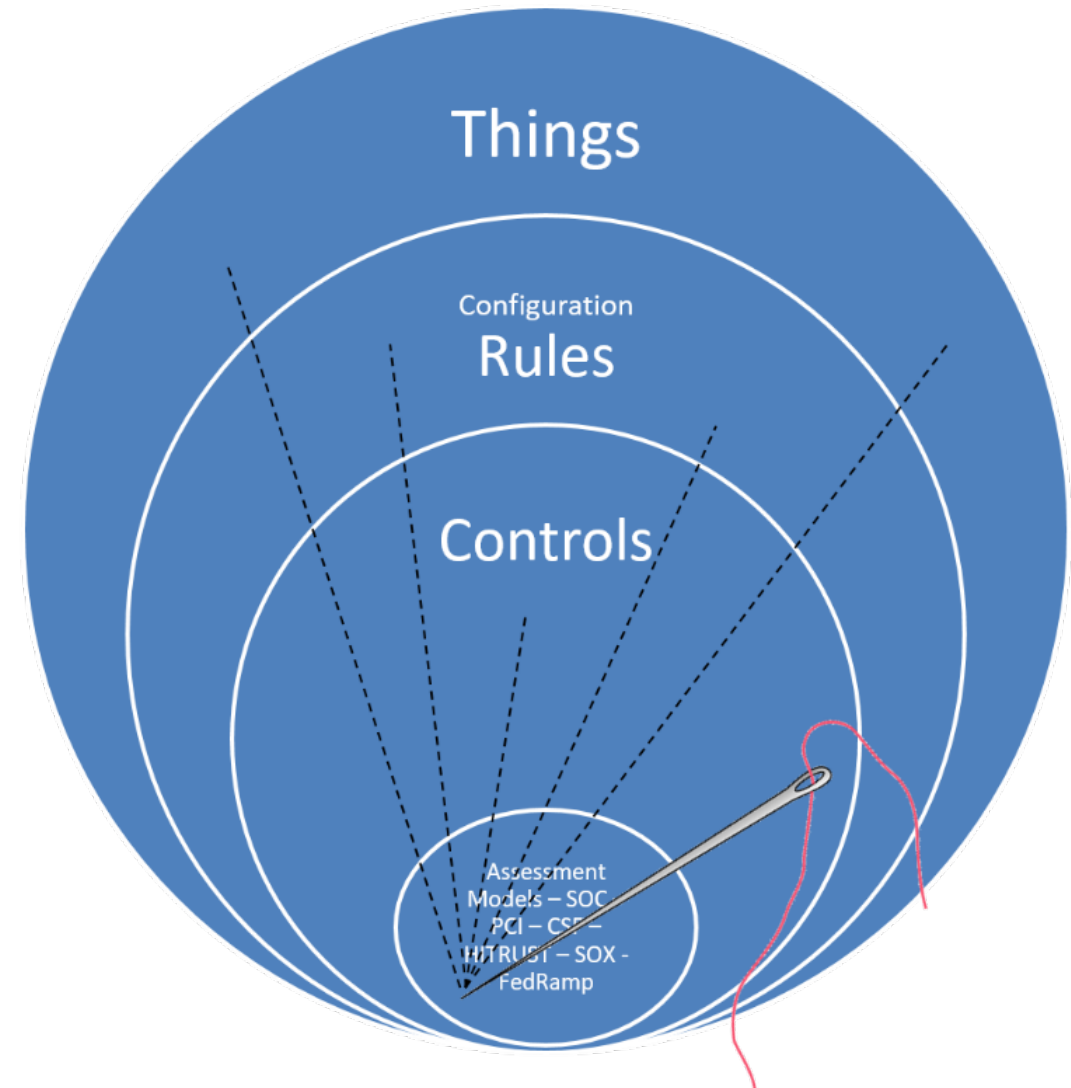
- NIST Cybersecurity Framework
 - [CSF Version 1.1 \[Summary\]](#)
- NIST Special Publication 800-53
 - [NIST SP 800-53, Revision 4 \[Summary\]](#)
 - [NIST SP 800-53, Revision 5 \[Summary\]](#)
- CSA Cloud Controls Matrix
 - [Cloud Controls Matrix v3.0.1 \[Summary\]](#)
- CIS Critical Security Controls
 - [Critical Security Controls v7.1 \[Summary\]](#)
- STRIDE-LM Threat Model

What's so hard about mapping?



How to map

- Have a workplan
- Identify what sources and domains should map – line up the full schema
- Iterate
- Finalize
- Negative Map (what should have but didn't)
- Map the Missing
- QA
- Communicate back to content owners



Mapping Plan → Records need sufficient legal rights to put into a searchable system.

										Control Tests																		
										Name																		
Test_ID	Edition	Control ID	Detail Num	Detail Control Description (UI)	PIMS	ISO/IEC	Guid	M	Search All	Use	Coun	Control ID 1	Control ID 2	Control ID 3	Control ID 4	Control ID 5	Control ID 6	Control ID 7	Control ID 8	Control ID 9	Control ID 10	Control ID 11	Control ID 12	Control ID 13	Control ID 14	Control ID 15	Control ID 16	
P6.1.1_Communicates Privacy Policies to Third Parties				Communicates Privacy Policies to Third Parties: Privacy policies or other specific Discloses Personal Information Only When								2	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	
P6.1.2_Discloses Personal Information to Third Parties				Discloses Personal Information to Third Parties: Personal information is disclosed to third parties for new purposes and uses: Personal information is created and retains record of authorized disclosures: The entity creates and maintains Creates and Retains Record of Detected or Reported Unauthorized Disclosures: The Discloses Personal Information Only to																								
P6.1.3_Discloses Personal Information to Third Parties				Discloses Personal Information to Third Parties: Personal information is disclosed to third parties for new purposes and uses: Personal information is created and retains record of authorized disclosures: The entity creates and maintains Creates and Retains Record of Detected or Reported Unauthorized Disclosures: The Discloses Personal Information Only to																								
P6.1.4_Discloses Information to Third Parties				Discloses Information to Third Parties: Personal information is disclosed to third parties for new purposes and uses: Personal information is created and retains record of authorized disclosures: The entity creates and maintains Creates and Retains Record of Detected or Reported Unauthorized Disclosures: The Discloses Personal Information Only to																								
P6.2.1_Creates and Retains Record of Authorized Disclosures				Creates and Retains Record of Authorized Disclosures: The entity creates and maintains Creates and Retains Record of Detected or Reported Unauthorized Disclosures: The Discloses Personal Information Only to																								
P6.3.1_Creates and Retains Record of Detected or Reported Unauthorized Disclosures				Creates and Retains Record of Detected or Reported Unauthorized Disclosures: The Discloses Personal Information Only to																								
P6.4.1_Discloses Personal Information to Third Parties				Discloses Personal Information to Third Parties: Personal information is disclosed to third parties for new purposes and uses: Personal information is created and retains record of authorized disclosures: The entity creates and maintains Creates and Retains Record of Detected or Reported Unauthorized Disclosures: The Discloses Personal Information Only to																								
P6.4.2_Remediates Misuse of Personal Information by a Third Party				Remediates Misuse of Personal Information by a Third Party: The entity takes remedial action. Remedates Misuse of Personal Information by a Third Party: The entity takes remedial action. Reports Actual or Suspected Unauthorized Disclosures: A process exists for obtaining Remedates Misuse of Personal Information by a Third Party: The entity takes remedial action Provides Notice of Breaches and Incidents: The entity has a process for providing notice of Identifies Types of Personal Information and Handline Process: The types of personal Captures, Identifies, and Communicates Requests for Information: Requests for an Ensures Accuracy and Completeness of Personal Information: Personal information is Ensures Relevance of Personal Information: Personal information is relevant to the Communicates to Data Subjects: Data subjects are informed about how to contact Addresses Inquiries, Complaints, and Disputes: A process is in place to address Documents and Communicates Dispute Resolution and Recourse: Each complaint is Documents and Reports Compliance Review Results: Compliance with objectives related Documents and Reports Instances of Noncompliance: Instances of noncompliance Performs Ongoing Monitoring: Ongoing procedures are performed for monitoring the	100-20																							
P6.5.1_Remediates Misuse of Personal Information by a Third Party	TSP	P6.5	P6.5.1	Remediates Misuse of Personal Information by a Third Party: The entity takes remedial action. Remedates Misuse of Personal Information by a Third Party: The entity takes remedial action. Reports Actual or Suspected Unauthorized Disclosures: A process exists for obtaining Remedates Misuse of Personal Information by a Third Party: The entity takes remedial action Provides Notice of Breaches and Incidents: The entity has a process for providing notice of Identifies Types of Personal Information and Handline Process: The types of personal Captures, Identifies, and Communicates Requests for Information: Requests for an Ensures Accuracy and Completeness of Personal Information: Personal information is Ensures Relevance of Personal Information: Personal information is relevant to the Communicates to Data Subjects: Data subjects are informed about how to contact Addresses Inquiries, Complaints, and Disputes: A process is in place to address Documents and Communicates Dispute Resolution and Recourse: Each complaint is Documents and Reports Compliance Review Results: Compliance with objectives related Documents and Reports Instances of Noncompliance: Instances of noncompliance Performs Ongoing Monitoring: Ongoing procedures are performed for monitoring the	100-20																							
P6.5.2_Reports Actual or Suspected Unauthorized Disclosures	TSP	P6.5	P6.5.2	Reports Actual or Suspected Unauthorized Disclosures: A process exists for obtaining Remedates Misuse of Personal Information by a Third Party: The entity takes remedial action Provides Notice of Breaches and Incidents: The entity has a process for providing notice of Identifies Types of Personal Information and Handline Process: The types of personal Captures, Identifies, and Communicates Requests for Information: Requests for an Ensures Accuracy and Completeness of Personal Information: Personal information is Ensures Relevance of Personal Information: Personal information is relevant to the Communicates to Data Subjects: Data subjects are informed about how to contact Addresses Inquiries, Complaints, and Disputes: A process is in place to address Documents and Communicates Dispute Resolution and Recourse: Each complaint is Documents and Reports Compliance Review Results: Compliance with objectives related Documents and Reports Instances of Noncompliance: Instances of noncompliance Performs Ongoing Monitoring: Ongoing procedures are performed for monitoring the	100-20																							
P6.6.1_Remediates Misuse of Personal Information by a Third Party	TSP	P6.6	P6.6.1	Remediates Misuse of Personal Information by a Third Party: The entity takes remedial action. Remedates Misuse of Personal Information by a Third Party: The entity takes remedial action. Reports Actual or Suspected Unauthorized Disclosures: A process exists for obtaining Remedates Misuse of Personal Information by a Third Party: The entity takes remedial action Provides Notice of Breaches and Incidents: The entity has a process for providing notice of Identifies Types of Personal Information and Handline Process: The types of personal Captures, Identifies, and Communicates Requests for Information: Requests for an Ensures Accuracy and Completeness of Personal Information: Personal information is Ensures Relevance of Personal Information: Personal information is relevant to the Communicates to Data Subjects: Data subjects are informed about how to contact Addresses Inquiries, Complaints, and Disputes: A process is in place to address Documents and Communicates Dispute Resolution and Recourse: Each complaint is Documents and Reports Compliance Review Results: Compliance with objectives related Documents and Reports Instances of Noncompliance: Instances of noncompliance Performs Ongoing Monitoring: Ongoing procedures are performed for monitoring the	100-20																							
P6.6.2_Provides Notice of Breaches and Incidents	TSP	P6.6	P6.6.2	Provides Notice of Breaches and Incidents: The entity has a process for providing notice of Identifies Types of Personal Information and Handline Process: The types of personal Captures, Identifies, and Communicates Requests for Information: Requests for an Ensures Accuracy and Completeness of Personal Information: Personal information is Ensures Relevance of Personal Information: Personal information is relevant to the Communicates to Data Subjects: Data subjects are informed about how to contact Addresses Inquiries, Complaints, and Disputes: A process is in place to address Documents and Communicates Dispute Resolution and Recourse: Each complaint is Documents and Reports Compliance Review Results: Compliance with objectives related Documents and Reports Instances of Noncompliance: Instances of noncompliance Performs Ongoing Monitoring: Ongoing procedures are performed for monitoring the	100-20																							
P6.7.1_Identifies Types of Personal Information and Handline Process	TSP	P6.7	P6.7.1	Identifies Types of Personal Information and Handline Process: The types of personal Captures, Identifies, and Communicates Requests for Information: Requests for an Ensures Accuracy and Completeness of Personal Information: Personal information is Ensures Relevance of Personal Information: Personal information is relevant to the Communicates to Data Subjects: Data subjects are informed about how to contact Addresses Inquiries, Complaints, and Disputes: A process is in place to address Documents and Communicates Dispute Resolution and Recourse: Each complaint is Documents and Reports Compliance Review Results: Compliance with objectives related Documents and Reports Instances of Noncompliance: Instances of noncompliance Performs Ongoing Monitoring: Ongoing procedures are performed for monitoring the	100-20																							
P6.7.2_Captures, Identifies, and Communicates Requests for Information	TSP	P6.7	P6.7.2	Captures, Identifies, and Communicates Requests for Information: Requests for an Ensures Accuracy and Completeness of Personal Information: Personal information is Ensures Relevance of Personal Information: Personal information is relevant to the Communicates to Data Subjects: Data subjects are informed about how to contact Addresses Inquiries, Complaints, and Disputes: A process is in place to address Documents and Communicates Dispute Resolution and Recourse: Each complaint is Documents and Reports Compliance Review Results: Compliance with objectives related Documents and Reports Instances of Noncompliance: Instances of noncompliance Performs Ongoing Monitoring: Ongoing procedures are performed for monitoring the	100-20																							
P7.1.1_Ensures Accuracy and Completeness of Personal Information	TSP	P7.1	P7.1.1	Ensures Accuracy and Completeness of Personal Information: Personal information is Ensures Relevance of Personal Information: Personal information is relevant to the Communicates to Data Subjects: Data subjects are informed about how to contact Addresses Inquiries, Complaints, and Disputes: A process is in place to address Documents and Communicates Dispute Resolution and Recourse: Each complaint is Documents and Reports Compliance Review Results: Compliance with objectives related Documents and Reports Instances of Noncompliance: Instances of noncompliance Performs Ongoing Monitoring: Ongoing procedures are performed for monitoring the	100-20																							
P7.1.2_Ensures Relevance of Personal Information	TSP	P7.1	P7.1.2	Ensures Relevance of Personal Information: Personal information is relevant to the Communicates to Data Subjects: Data subjects are informed about how to contact Addresses Inquiries, Complaints, and Disputes: A process is in place to address Documents and Communicates Dispute Resolution and Recourse: Each complaint is Documents and Reports Compliance Review Results: Compliance with objectives related Documents and Reports Instances of Noncompliance: Instances of noncompliance Performs Ongoing Monitoring: Ongoing procedures are performed for monitoring the	100-20																							
P8.1.1_Communicates to Data Subjects	TSP	P8.1	P8.1.1	Communicates to Data Subjects: Data subjects are informed about how to contact Addresses Inquiries, Complaints, and Disputes: A process is in place to address Documents and Communicates Dispute Resolution and Recourse: Each complaint is Documents and Reports Compliance Review Results: Compliance with objectives related Documents and Reports Instances of Noncompliance: Instances of noncompliance Performs Ongoing Monitoring: Ongoing procedures are performed for monitoring the	100-20																							
P8.1.2_Addresses Inquiries, Complaints, and Disputes	TSP	P8.1	P8.1.2	Addresses Inquiries, Complaints, and Disputes: A process is in place to address Documents and Communicates Dispute Resolution and Recourse: Each complaint is Documents and Reports Compliance Review Results: Compliance with objectives related Documents and Reports Instances of Noncompliance: Instances of noncompliance Performs Ongoing Monitoring: Ongoing procedures are performed for monitoring the	100-20																							
P8.1.3_Documents and Communicates Dispute Resolution and Recourse	TSP	P8.1	P8.1.3	Documents and Communicates Dispute Resolution and Recourse: Each complaint is Documents and Reports Compliance Review Results: Compliance with objectives related Documents and Reports Instances of Noncompliance: Instances of noncompliance Performs Ongoing Monitoring: Ongoing procedures are performed for monitoring the	100-20																							
P8.1.4_Documents and Reports Compliance Review Results	TSP	P8.1	P8.1.4	Documents and Reports Compliance Review Results: Compliance with objectives related Documents and Reports Instances of Noncompliance: Instances of noncompliance Performs Ongoing Monitoring: Ongoing procedures are performed for monitoring the	100-20																							
P8.1.5_Documents and Reports Instances of Noncompliance	TSP	P8.1	P8.1.5	Documents and Reports Instances of Noncompliance: Instances of noncompliance Performs Ongoing Monitoring: Ongoing procedures are performed for monitoring the	100-20																							
P8.1.6_Performs Ongoing Monitoring	TSP	P8.1	P8.1.6	Performs Ongoing Monitoring: Ongoing procedures are performed for monitoring the	100-20																							
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											a ITRUS	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
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											a 7117	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
											a PCI	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
											a 53r5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		

Green Go – each test should be scoped by relevancy and then applied to all target framework items. If you assign it, you need a scoping flag to UNASSIGN it.

Blue Plan – At first iteration, make sure you’ve got at least some coverage for each related framework.

Second, third and fourth iterations consider what we missed

Red Flag – you don’t have the right to extract the data. Your organization has to own a license. You can’t share or publish derivative work. The framework is another organization’s property. (HITRUST, ISO)

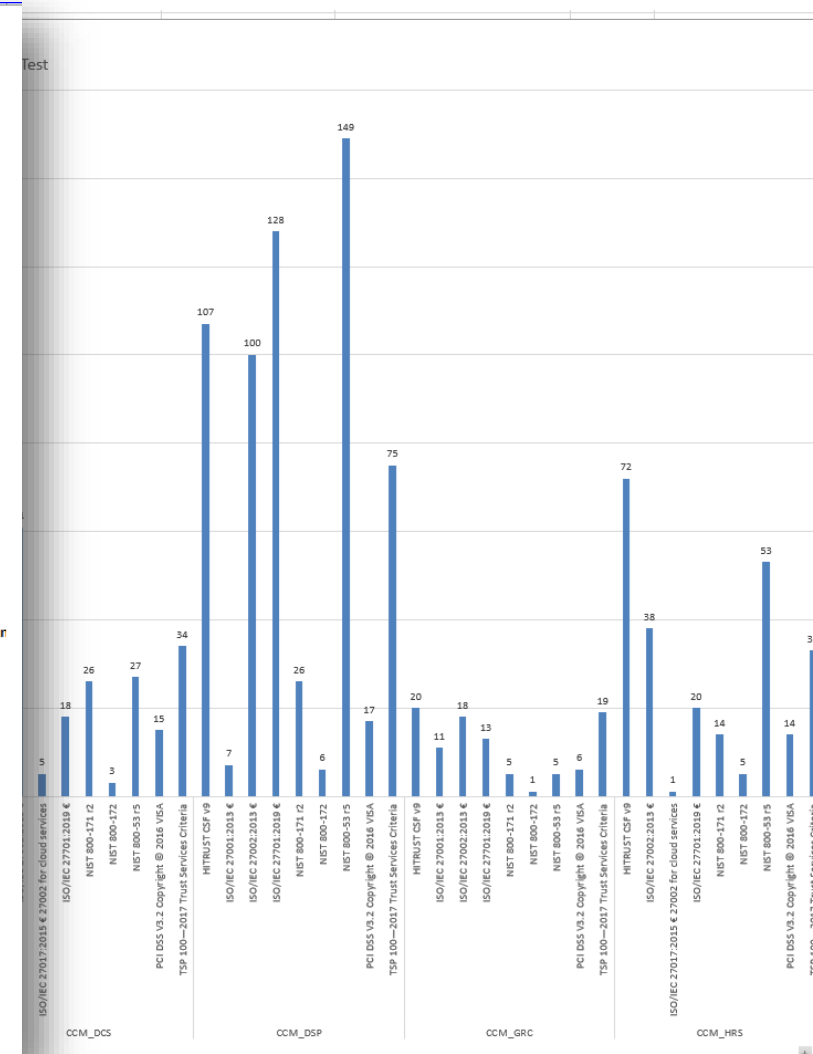
- Green Go – each test should be scoped by relevancy and then applied to all target framework items. If you assign it, you need a scoping flag to UNASSIGN it.
- Blue Plan – At first iteration, make sure you’ve got at least some coverage for each related framework. Second, third and fourth iterations consider what we missed
- Red Flag – you don’t have the right to extract the data. Your organization has to own a license. You can’t share or publish derivative work. The framework is another organization’s property. (HITRUST, ISO)

Encryption – Let's discuss – Transition to CCM 4.0 ASAP

Edition or Source	Client ID	Control Objective	Control Objective Description	CSA Test language - pre adoption/ CSA edits open	Unified Testing Map	Unified Testing Map: Test_ID (to review the details of each mapped item see the All Mapping Tab)	Unified Universe
CCM V4.0 Cloud	CEK-01 Encryption and Key Management Policy	Encryption and Key Management Policy and Procedures	Establish, document, approve, communicate, apply, evaluate and	CCM_CEK-1.1 Are cryptography, encryption and key management	A.10.1.1, A.10.1.2, A.13.2.1, A.13.2.2, A.18.1.3, A.18.1.5,	C.5.2 Policy; C.8.3 Information security risk treatment; A.10.1 Cryptographic controls; A.13.2 Information transfer; A.18.1 Compliance with legal and contractual requirements; ISO27701_6.5 Asset	A.13.2; A.18.1; ISO27701_6.5;
CCM V4.0 Cloud	CEK-02 CEK Roles and Responsibilities	CEK Roles and Responsibilities	Define and implement cryptographic, encryption and key management roles	CCM_CEK-2.1 Are cryptography, encryption and key management roles	A.8.2.1, A.9.2.3, A.10.1.1, A.10.1.2, A.13.1.3, A.13.2.1, A.18.1.3,	A.8.2 Information classification; A.9.2 User access management; A.10.1 Cryptographic controls; A.13.1 Network security management; A.13.2 Information transfer; A.18.1 Compliance with legal and	A.13.1; A.13.2; A.18.1; CLD.6.3
CCM V4.0 Cloud	CEK-03 Data Encryption	Data Encryption	Provide cryptographic protection to data-at-rest and in-transit, using	CCM_CEK-3.1 Are data at-rest and in-transit cryptographically protected using	A.6.2.1, A.8.3.1, A.10.1.1, A.10.1.2, A.13.2.1, A.14.1.2, A.14.1.3,	A.6.2 Mobile devices and teleworking; A.8.3 Media handling; A.10.1 Cryptographic controls; A.13.2 Information transfer; A.14.1 Security requirements of information systems; A.18.1 Compliance with	A.13.2; A.14.1; A.18.1; AC-19;
CCM V4.0 Cloud	CEK-04 Encryption Algorithm	Encryption Algorithm	Use encryption algorithms that are appropriate for data protection,	CCM_CEK-4.1 Are appropriate encryption algorithms used for data protection,	A.8.2.1, A.8.3.3, A.10.1.1, A.10.1.2, A.14.1.2, A.14.1.3, A.18.1.3,	A.8.2 Information classification; A.8.3 Media handling; A.10.1 Cryptographic controls; A.14.1 Security requirements of information systems; A.18.1 Compliance with legal and contractual requirements; SA-	A.14.1; A.18.1; SC-12; SC-28;
CCM V4.0 Cloud	CEK-05 Encryption Change Management	Encryption Change Management	Establish a standard change management procedure, to	CCM_CEK-5.1 Are standard change management procedures established to	A.8.2.1, A.10.1.2, A.12.1.2, A.14.2.2, A.18.1.3, ISO27701_6.7.1,	A.8.2 Information classification; A.10.1 Cryptographic controls; A.12.1 Operational procedures and responsibilities; A.14.2 Security in development and support processes; A.18.1 Compliance with legal	A.14.2; A.18.1; ISO27701_6.11
CCM V4.0 Cloud	CEK-06 Encryption Change Cost Benefit Analysis	Encryption Change Cost Benefit Analysis	Manage and adopt changes to cryptography, encryption, and key	CCM_CEK-6.1 Are changes to cryptography, encryption, and key management-	A.8.2.1, A.10.1.2, A.12.1.2, A.14.2.2, A.18.1.3, ISO27701_6.7.1,	C.6.1 Actions to address risks & opportunities; A.6.1 Internal organization; A.10.1 Cryptographic controls; A.12.1 Operational procedures and responsibilities; A.13.2 Information transfer; A.14.2	A.12.1; A.13.2; A.14.2; HT_09;
CCM V4.0 Cloud	CEK-07 Encryption Risk Management	Encryption Risk Management	Establish and maintain an encryption and key management risk program that	CCM_CEK-7.1 Is a cryptographic, encryption and key management risk	A.6.1.5, A.10.1.1, A.10.1.2, A.18.1.3, ISO27701_6.7.1, ISO27701_6.11.1,	A.6.1 Internal organization; A.10.1 Cryptographic controls; A.18.1 Compliance with legal and contractual requirements; ISO27701_6.7 Cryptography; CM-3 Configuration Change Control; SA-9	ISO27701_6.7; 3; SA-9; SC-8; S
CCM V4.0 Cloud	CEK-08 CSC Key Management Capability	CSC Key Management Capability	CSFs must provide the capability for CSCs to manage their own data	CCM_CEK-8.1 Are CSCs provided the capability to manage their own data	A.10.1.2, A.15.1.2, A.15.1.3, CLD.6.3.1, CLD.12.1.5, CA-6(2), CP-	A.10.1 Cryptographic controls; A.15.1 Information security in supplier relationships; CLD.6.3	CLD.6.3; CLD.1
CCM V4.0 Cloud	CEK-09 Encryption and Key Management Audit	Encryption and Key Management Audit	Audit encryption and key management systems, policies, and processes with a	CCM_CEK-9.1 Are encryption and key management systems, policies, and	CCPA12.1.4 1798.140(d), 2.3.0 BMSN, 3.6.5 PCD, 3.6.6 PCD,	A.10.1 Cryptographic controls; A.12.7 Information systems audit considerations; A.18.2 Information security reviews; C.9.2 Internal audit; ISO27701_6.7 Cryptography; N171_3.14 System and Information	A.18.2; C.9.2; ISO27701_6.7;
CCM V4.0 Cloud	CEK-10 Key Generation	Key Generation	Generate cryptographic keys using industry-accepted cryptographic	CCM_CEK-10.1 Are cryptographic keys being generated using industry	A.10.1.1, A.10.1.2, A.18.1.5, HT_6.d, 3.6.1 PCD, 3.6.6 PCD, N171_3.13.11,	A.10.1 Cryptographic controls; A.18.1 Compliance with legal and contractual requirements; SA-10 Developer Configuration Management; SC-12 Cryptographic Key Establishment and Management; SC-	A.10.1; SC-12; SC-2; 7; N171_3.14;
CCM V4.0 Cloud	CEK-11 Key Purpose	Key Purpose	Manage cryptographic secret and private keys that are provisioned for a	CCM_CEK-11.1 Are cryptographic secret and private keys that are provisioned for	A.9.2.4, A.9.3.1, A.10.1.1, A.10.1.2, A.14.1.3, HT_10.g, 3.5.2 PCD, 3.6.7	A.9.2 User access management; A.10.1 Cryptographic controls; 10.03 Cryptographic Controls; 3_PCD Protect Stored Data; IA-5 Authenticator Management; SC-12 Cryptographic Key Establishment and	HT_10.03; 3_PCD; 5; SC-12; CC6.1
CCM V4.0 Cloud	CEK-12 Key Rotation	Key Rotation	Rotate cryptographic keys in accordance with the calculated cryptoperiod, which	CCM_CEK-12.1 Are cryptographic keys rotated based on a cryptoperiod	A.10.1.1, A.10.1.2, A.12.4.1, ISO27701_6.7.1, N172_3.5.2e,	A.10.1 Cryptographic controls; A.12.4 Logging and monitoring; ISO27701_6.7 Cryptography; N171_3.5 Identification and Authentication; 6_MVMP Develop and Maintain Secure Systems and Applications;	ISO27701_6.7; N171_3.5; 6_M
CCM V4.0 Cloud	CEK-13 Key Revocation	Key Revocation	Define, implement and evaluate processes, procedures and technical	CCM_CEK-13.1 Are cryptographic keys revoked and removed prior to the end of	11.300(b), A.10.1.1, A.10.1.2, A.11.2.7, A.12.1.2, A.15.1.3,	Sec. 11.300 Controls for identification codes/passwords; A.10.1 Cryptographic controls; A.11.2 Equipment; A.12.1 Operational procedures and responsibilities; A.15.1 Information security in	A.10.1; A.11.2; A.12.1; A.15.1;
CCM V4.0 Cloud	CEK-14 Key Destruction	Key Destruction	Define, implement and evaluate processes, procedures, and technical	CCM_CEK-14.1 Are Processes, procedures and technical measures to destroy keys	A.8.1.2, A.10.1.2, A.11.2.7, A.18.1.3, CLD.12.1.5, HT_10.g, 3.6.5 PCD,	A.8.1 Responsibility for assets; A.10.1 Cryptographic controls; A.11.2 Equipment; A.18.1 Compliance with legal and contractual requirements; CLD.12.1 Operational procedures and responsibilities; 10.03	A.18.1; CLD.12.1; HT_10.03; 3_P
CCM V4.0 Cloud	CEK-15 Key Activation	Key Activation	Define, implement and evaluate processes, procedures, and technical	CCM_CEK-15.1 Are Processes, procedures and technical measures to create keys	A.10.1.2, A.14.1.2, A.18.1.5, CLD.12.1.5, AC-3(8), IA-5(2), SA-	A.10.1 Cryptographic controls; A.12.1 Operational procedures and responsibilities; A.14.1 Security requirements of information systems; A.18.1 Compliance with legal and contractual requirements;	A.14.1; A.18.1; CLD.12.1; HT_1
CCM V4.0 Cloud	CEK-16 Key Suspension	Key Suspension	Define, implement and evaluate processes, procedures, and technical	CCM_CEK-16.1 Are Processes, procedures and technical measures to monitor,	A.10.1.1, A.10.1.2, A.14.1.2, CM-3(6), MP-6(1), HT_6.d, HT_6.g,	A.10.1 Cryptographic controls; A.14.1 Security requirements of information systems; CM-3 Configuration Change Control; MP-6 Media Sanitization; 06.01 Compliance with Legal Requirements; 09.06 Network	MP-6; HT_06.0; HT_09.06;
CCM V4.0 Cloud	CEK-17 Key Deactivation	Key Deactivation	Define, implement and evaluate processes, procedures and technical	CCM_CEK-17.1 Are Processes, procedures and technical measures to deactivate	A.10.1.1, A.10.1.2, A.12.1.1, A.14.1.2, A.18.1.5, AC-3(8), IA-5(2),	A.10.1 Cryptographic controls; A.12.1 Operational procedures and responsibilities; A.14.1 Security requirements of information systems; A.18.1 Compliance with legal and contractual requirements;	A.14.1; A.18.1; HT_10.03; 3_P
CCM V4.0 Cloud	CEK-18 Key Archival	Key Archival	Define, implement and evaluate processes, procedures, and technical	CCM_CEK-18.1 Are Processes, procedures and technical measures to manage	A.10.1.2, A.13.2.2, A.14.2.7, A.18.1.3, SA-15(11), SC-12(1),	A.10.1 Cryptographic controls; A.13.2 Information transfer; A.14.2 Security in development and support processes; A.18.1 Compliance with legal and contractual requirements; SA-15 Development Process,	A.14.2; A.18.1; 15; SC-12; HT_
CCM V4.0 Cloud	CEK-19 Key Compromise	Key Compromise	Define, implement and evaluate processes, procedures, and technical	CCM_CEK-19.1 Are Processes, procedures and technical measures to encrypt	A.10.1.2, A.11.2.7, A.18.1.3, ISO27701_6.5.3, SC-12(1), HT_10.g,	A.8.3 Media handling; A.10.1 Cryptographic controls; A.11.2 Equipment; A.18.1 Compliance with legal and contractual requirements; ISO27701_6.5 Asset management; SC-12 Cryptographic Key	ISO27701_6.5; S
CCM V4.0 Cloud	CEK-20 Key Recovery	Key Recovery	Define, implement and evaluate processes, procedures and technical	CCM_CEK-20.1 Are Processes, procedures and technical measures to assess the	A.10.1.2, A.18.1.3, SA-9(6), SC-12(1), SC-12(3), SC-28(1), SI-7(6), HT_6.d,	A.10.1 Cryptographic controls; A.18.1 Compliance with legal and contractual requirements; SA-9 External System Services; SC-12 Cryptographic Key Establishment and Management; SC-28 Protection of	SC-12; SC-28; S
CCM V4.0 Cloud	CEK-21 Key Inventory Management	Key Inventory Management	Define, implement and evaluate processes, procedures and technical	CCM_CEK-21.1 Are Processes, procedures and technical measures being defined,	A.10.1.2, A.18.1.3, SA-9(6), SC-12(1), SC-12(3), SC-23(5), SC-28(1), SI-	A.10.1 Cryptographic controls; A.18.1 Compliance with legal and contractual requirements; SA-9 External System Services; SC-12 Cryptographic Key Establishment and Management; SC-28 Protection of	SC-12; SC-28; S

EnterpriseGRC
Solutions, Inc.

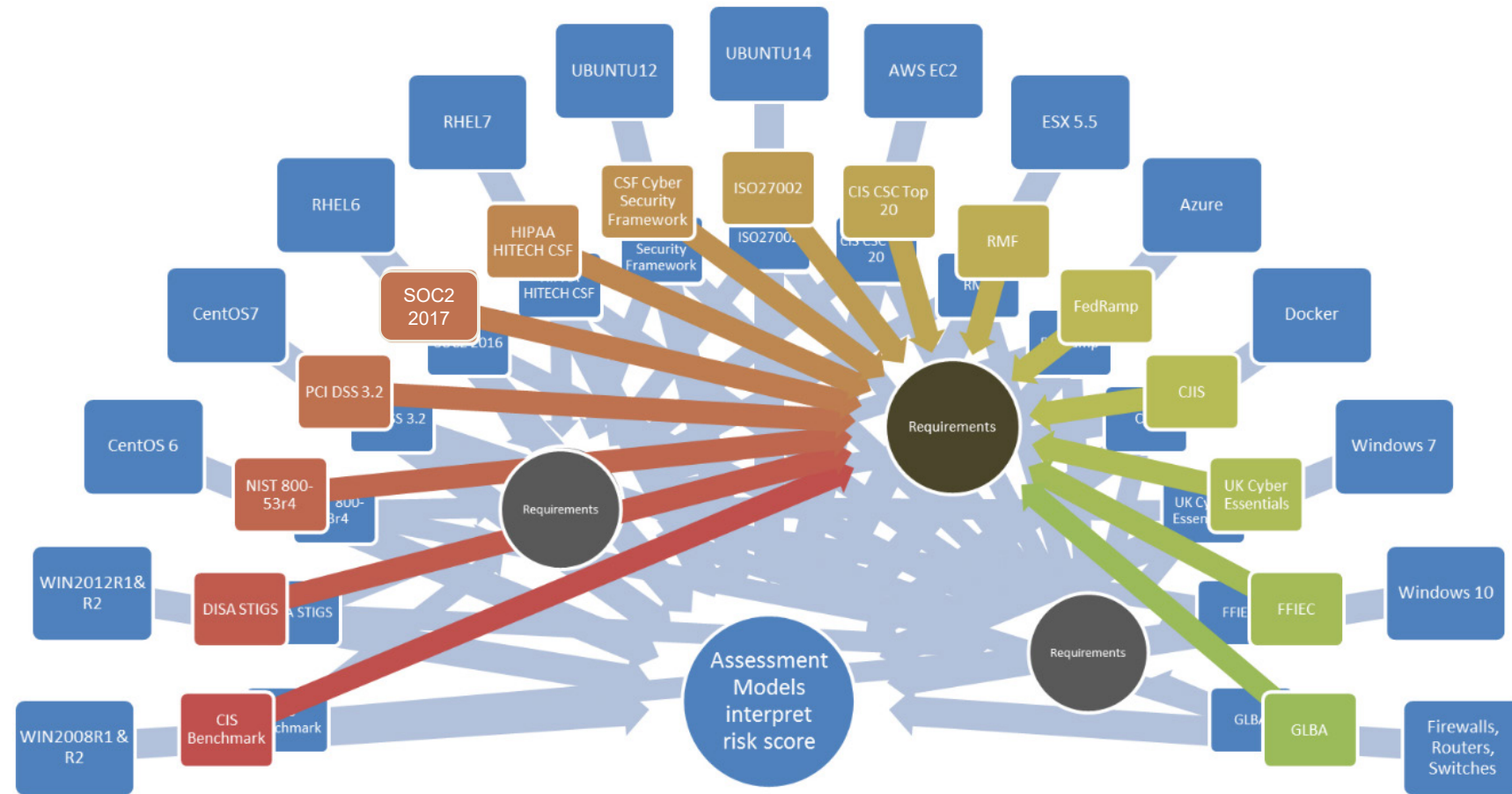
- ⊗ Data Encryption
 - ⊗ HIPAA - HITECH Title 45 C.F.R. § 164
 - ⊗ Access Control: § 164.312(a)(2)(iv)
 - ⊗ HITRUST CSF v9
 - ⊗ 06.01 Compliance with Legal Requirements
 - ⊗ 09.08 Exchange of Information
 - ⊗ 09.09 Electronic Commerce Services
 - ⊗ ISO/IEC 27002:2013 €
 - ⊗ A.10.1 Cryptographic controls
 - ⊗ A.13.2 Information transfer
 - ⊗ A.14.1 Security requirements of information systems
 - ⊗ A.18.1 Compliance with legal and contractual requirements
 - ⊗ A.6.2 Mobile devices and teleworking
 - ⊗ A.8.3 Media handling
- ⊗ ISO/IEC 27018:2019 €
 - ⊗ ISO/IEC 27018:2019(E) A.11.13 Access to data on pre-used data storage space
- ⊗ ISO/IEC 27701:2019 €
 - ⊗ ISO27701_6.5 Asset management
 - ⊗ ISO27701_6.7 Cryptography
- ⊗ NIST 800-171 r2
 - ⊗ N171_3.13 System and Communications Protection
- ⊗ NIST 800-53 r5
 - ⊗ AC-19 Access Control for Mobile Devices
 - ⊗ SC-12 Cryptographic Key Establishment and Management
 - ⊗ SC-28 Protection of Information at Rest
 - ⊗ SI-4 System Monitoring
 - ⊗ SI-7 Software, Firmware, and Information Integrity
- ⊗ TSP 100—2017 Trust Services Criteria
 - ⊗ CC6.7 The entity restricts the transmission, movement, and removal of information to authorized internal and external parties
- ⊗ Encryption Algorithm
 - ⊗ California Consumer Privacy Act of 2018
 - ⊗ 14.01 1798.150 (a) Content
 - ⊗ HITRUST CSF v9
 - ⊗ 06.01 Compliance with Legal Requirements
 - ⊗ 10.02 Correct Processing in Applications
 - ⊗ 10.03 Cryptographic Controls
 - ⊗ ISO/IEC 27002:2013 €
 - ⊗ A.10.1 Cryptographic controls
 - ⊗ A.14.1 Security requirements of information systems
 - ⊗ A.18.1 Compliance with legal and contractual requirements
 - ⊗ A.8.2 Information classification
 - ⊗ A.8.3 Media handling
- ⊗ ISO/IEC 27701:2019 €
 - ⊗ ISO27701_6.5 Asset management
 - ⊗ ISO27701_6.7 Cryptography
- ⊗ NIST 800-171 r2
 - ⊗ N171_3.14 System and Information Integrity
- ⊗ NIST 800-53 r5



Are Risks Top Down or Bottom Up?

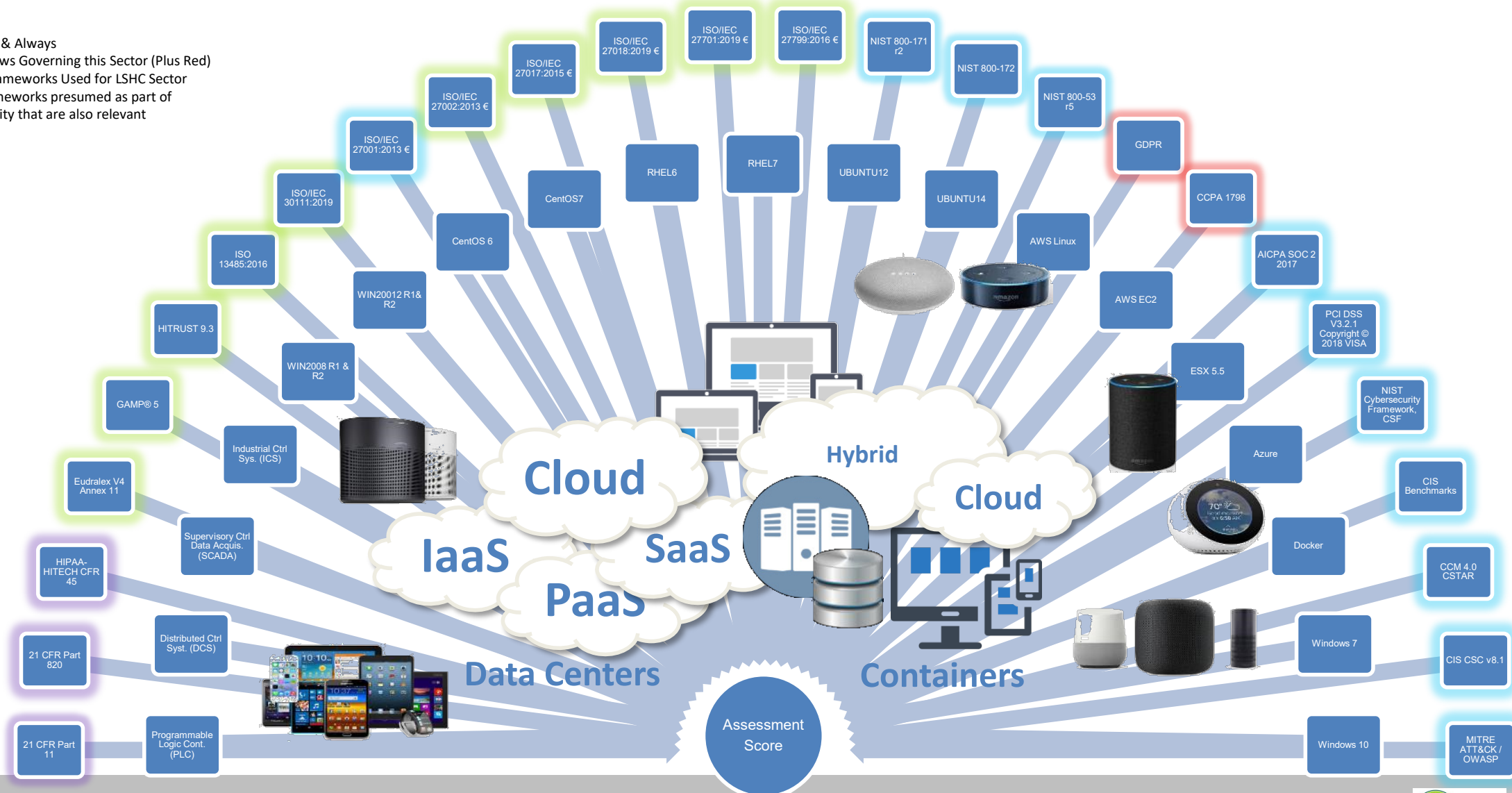
- CIS Benchmark, OWASP, MITRE ATT&CK® controls mapped according to the distinct environments used to deliver a service: should map to NIST 800-53r5 and ISO27002 which are then associated to your Cloud Environment.
- NIST 800-53r5 and ISO27002 should be tagged to each continuously monitored configuration.
- Control mapping involves how the requirement is implemented in policy, practice, contract, **configuration or architecture**. The map may point to a policy, for example, where this detail needs explicit statement. This could map to a CIS, OWASP benchmark that is specific to an OS or PaaS/IaaS.

Rules run on Environments → are tagged to controls → are interpreted by assessment models



Imagine Regulating Federal E-Commerce Cloud Based Medical Service

Red = Now & Always
Purple = Laws Governing this Sector (Plus Red)
Green = Frameworks Used for LSHC Sector
Blue = Frameworks presumed as part of Cybersecurity that are also relevant



If ANY of these practices are not achieved, they NEED TO FACTOR into the RMF

Assessment Testing ☆ > Cryptography

Test_ID	Mapped test...	Mapped testing or practices:Test_ID	Mapped testing or practices:Problem Metadata	Risk Drivers	Detail Control Description (UCF)	Proble...	Mapped Proce...	Mapped Processes:
parameter store for sensitive data storage (Amazon ECS)	A.18.1.3; AC-16(5); AC-19(4); AU-13(3); SA-4(5); SA-8(20); SC-12(3); SC-28(1); SC-28(2); SC-28(3); SI-12(2); SA-15(12); SI-19(3)	A.18.1.3 Protection of records; AC-16.5 Attribute Displays on Objects to Be Output; AC-19.4 Restrictions for Classified Information; AU-13.3 Unauthorized Replication of Information; SA-4.5 System, Component, and Service Configurations; SA-8.20 Secure Metadata Management; SA-9.6 Organization-controlled Cryptographic Keys; SC-12.3 Asymmetric Keys; SC-28.1 Cryptographic Protection; SC-28.2 Offline Storage; SC-28.3 Cryptographic Keys; SI-12.2 Minimize Personally Identifiable Information in Testing, Training, and Research; SA-15.12 Minimize Personally Identifiable Information; SI-19.3 Release	Principles | Secure Metadata Management; ASYMMETRIC KEYS; NSA-APPROVED; KEY MANAGEMENT TECHNOLOGY AND PROCESSES; PUBLIC KEY INFRASTRUCTURE; PKI; CLASS 3; CLASS 4; PRIVATE KEY; PUBLIC KEY; CRYPTOGRAPHIC PROTECTION; INFORMATION AT REST; OFF-LINE STORAGE; Protection of Information at Rest | Cryptographic Keys; PRIVACY; PERSONALLY IDENTIFIABLE INFORMATION; PII; DATA MINIMIZATION; Development Process, Standards, and Tools | Minimize Personally Identifiable Information; PRIVACY; PERSONALLY IDENTIFIABLE INFORMATION; PII	Unencrypted data stored on disks in cloud environments may be stolen and misused.	Protect sensitive data as containers are deployed to ECS clusters. AWS offers solutions out of the box to handle the injection of sensitive data into containers using either AWS Secrets Manager or AWS Systems Manager Parameter Store. These features allow containers to retrieve the sensitive data from a secure location and inject the plaintext secret value as the container is initially started.	Cryptography	A.10.1; A.8.2; A.9.4; A.11.1; A.12.4; A.6.2; A.14.2; A.18.1	control; A.11.1 Secure at monitoring; A.6.2 Mobil teleworking; A.14.2 Sec support processes; A.18 and contractual require
T2046 Encrypt data stored in DynamoDB at rest (Amazon DynamoDB)	A.18.1.3; AC-16(5); AC-19(4); AU-13(3); SA-4(5); SA-8(20); SA-9(6); SC-12(3); SC-28(1); SC-28(2); SC-28(3); SI-12(2); SA-15(12); SI-19(3)	A.18.1.3 Protection of records; AC-16.5 Attribute Displays on Objects to Be Output; AC-19.4 Restrictions for Classified Information; AU-13.3 Unauthorized Replication of Information; SA-4.5 System, Component, and Service Configurations; SA-8.20 Secure Metadata Management; SA-9.6 Organization-controlled Cryptographic Keys; SC-12.3 Asymmetric Keys; SC-28.1 Cryptographic Protection; SC-28.2 Offline Storage; SC-28.3 Cryptographic Keys; SI-12.2 Minimize Personally Identifiable Information in Testing, Training, and Research; SA-15.12 Minimize Personally Identifiable Information; SI-19.3 Release	SECURITY ATTRIBUTE OUTPUT; OUTPUT DEVICES; PRIVACY; ATTRIBUTE OUTPUT; UNCLASSIFIED MOBILE DEVICES; CLASSIFIED INFORMATION; INFORMATION REVIEW; INFORMATION INSPECTION; TRUSTED DISTRIBUTION; MASTER COPY; SECURITY CONFIGURATIONS; U.S. GOVERNMENT CONFIGURATION BASELINE; USGCB; FUNCTIONS; PORTS; PROTOCOLS; SERVICES; SECURITY CHARACTERISTICS; DEVELOPER PROVIDED; DEVELOPER; Security and Privacy Engineering Principles | Secure Metadata Management; CRYPTOGRAPHIC KEYS; EXCLUSIVE CONTROL; ASYMMETRIC KEYS; NSA-APPROVED; KEY MANAGEMENT TECHNOLOGY AND PROCESSES; PUBLIC KEY INFRASTRUCTURE; PKI; CLASS 3; CLASS 4; PRIVATE KEY; PUBLIC KEY; CRYPTOGRAPHIC PROTECTION; INFORMATION AT REST; OFF-LINE STORAGE; Protection of Information at Rest | Cryptographic Keys; PRIVACY; PERSONALLY IDENTIFIABLE INFORMATION; PII; DATA MINIMIZATION; Development Process, Standards, and Tools | Minimize Personally Identifiable Information; PRIVACY; PERSONALLY IDENTIFIABLE INFORMATION; PII	Data stored unencrypted on disk in DynamoDB can be stolen and misused. It is necessary to keep sensitive data protection as close to its origin as possible to prevent theft by malicious third-party software or web attacks.	DynamoDB encrypts all data stored in tables at rest by default but leaves the encryption key up to the administrator. DynamoDB supports either AWS managed keys or custom key managed keys (CMK). Utilize CMKs to give you full control over who can use the keys to access the encrypted data on DynamoDB tables.	Cryptography	A.8.2; A.10.1; A.11.2; A.14.1; A.18.1	A.8.2 Information classifi Cryptographic controls; Security requirements o A.18.1 Compliance with requirements
T2048 Utilize client-side encryption for DynamoDB (Amazon DynamoDB)	A.10.1.1; A.10.1.2; A.13.1.2; A.14.1.2; A.14.1.3; A.18.1.3; AC-17(2); AU-9(3); SA-4(2); SI-7(6); SI-7(15); SI-10(5)	A.10.1.1 Policy on the use of cryptographic controls; A.10.1.2 Key management; A.13.1.2 Security of network services; A.14.1.2 Securing application services on public networks; A.14.1.3 Protecting application services transactions; A.18.1.3 Protection of records; AC-17.2 PROTECTION OF CONFIDENTIALITY/INTEGRITY USING ENCRYPTION; AU-9.3 CRYPTOGRAPHIC PROTECTION; SA-4.2 Design and Implementation Information for Controls; SI-7.6 Cryptographic Protection; SI-7.15 Code Authentication; SI-10.5 Restrict Inputs to Trusted Sources and Approved Formats	ENCRYPTION; SESSION CONFIDENTIALITY; SESSION INTEGRITY; SECURITY CATEGORIZATION; CRYPTOGRAPHIC PROTECTION; CRYPTOGRAPHIC MECHANISMS; INTEGRITY; IMPLEMENTATION INFORMATION; SECURITY-RELEVANT EXTERNAL SYSTEM INTERFACE; HIGH-LEVEL DESIGN; LOW-LEVEL DESIGN; SOURCE CODE; HARDWARE SCHEMATICS; DEVELOPER PROVIDED; DEVELOPER; RESILIENCY; RESILIENCY; CRYPTOGRAPHIC PROTECTION MECHANISMS; RESILIENCY; RESILIENCY; CRYPTOGRAPHIC MECHANISMS; CRYPTOGRAPHIC AUTHENTICATION; DIGITAL SIGNATURES; RESTRICTED INPUTS; WHITELISTING; TRUSTED SOURCES; ACCEPTABLE FORMATS; RESILIENCY; RESILIENCY	Data stored unencrypted on disk in DynamoDB can be stolen and misused. It is necessary to keep sensitive data protection as close to its origin as possible to prevent theft by malicious third-party software or web attacks.	DynamoDB gives you the ability to utilize client-side encryption to help ensure the plaintext data is protected at origin as well as over the network. Utilize client-side encryption in DynamoDB, by including a software library with your application that can handle encryption, the signing of attribute values, and key management.	Cryptography	A.9.1; A.10.1; A.12.5; A.13.1; A.14.1; A.18.1	A.9.1 Business requirem A.10.1 Cryptographic co operational software; A management; A.14.1 Se information systems; A legal and contractual re
T2056 Encrypt data stored at rest (Amazon Aurora)	A.18.1.3; AC-16(5); AC-19(4); AU-13(3); SA-4(5); SA-8(20); SA-9(6); SC-12(3); SC-28(1); SC-28(2); SC-28(3); SI-12(2); SA-15(12); SI-19(3)	A.18.1.3 Protection of records; AC-16.5 Attribute Displays on Objects to Be Output; AC-19.4 Restrictions for Classified Information; AU-13.3 Unauthorized Replication of Information; SA-4.5 System, Component, and Service Configurations; SA-8.20 Secure Metadata Management; SA-9.6 Organization-controlled Cryptographic Keys; SC-12.3 Asymmetric Keys; SC-28.1 Cryptographic Protection; SC-28.2 Offline Storage; SC-28.3 Cryptographic Keys; SI-12.2 Minimize Personally Identifiable Information in Testing, Training, and Research; SA-15.12 Minimize Personally Identifiable Information; SI-19.3 Release	SECURITY ATTRIBUTE OUTPUT; OUTPUT DEVICES; PRIVACY; ATTRIBUTE OUTPUT; UNCLASSIFIED MOBILE DEVICES; CLASSIFIED INFORMATION; INFORMATION REVIEW; INFORMATION INSPECTION; TRUSTED DISTRIBUTION; MASTER COPY; SECURITY CONFIGURATIONS; U.S. GOVERNMENT CONFIGURATION BASELINE; USGCB; FUNCTIONS; PORTS; PROTOCOLS; SERVICES; SECURITY CHARACTERISTICS; DEVELOPER PROVIDED; DEVELOPER; Security and Privacy Engineering Principles | Secure Metadata Management; CRYPTOGRAPHIC KEYS; EXCLUSIVE CONTROL; ASYMMETRIC KEYS; NSA-APPROVED; KEY MANAGEMENT TECHNOLOGY AND PROCESSES; PUBLIC KEY INFRASTRUCTURE; PKI; CLASS 3; CLASS 4; PRIVATE KEY; PUBLIC KEY; CRYPTOGRAPHIC PROTECTION; INFORMATION AT REST; OFF-LINE STORAGE; Protection of Information at Rest | Cryptographic Keys; PRIVACY; PERSONALLY IDENTIFIABLE INFORMATION; PII; DATA MINIMIZATION; Development Process, Standards, and Tools | Minimize Personally Identifiable Information; PRIVACY; PERSONALLY IDENTIFIABLE INFORMATION; PII	Unencrypted data stored on disks in cloud environments may be stolen and misused.	Always utilize strong encryption mechanisms on Aurora instances that handle data that is sensitive in nature. Aurora encryption is easy to enable within the AWS console and offers the ability to encrypt the data stored on the Aurora instance's underlying storage filesystem, automated backups, and snapshots. Aurora encryption is performed using AES-256 and is protected by the AWS Key Management System (KMS). Utilize KMS Customer-Managed Keys when possible to give you full control over who can use the keys to access the encrypted data on KMS instances.	Cryptography	A.10.1; A.8.2; A.9.4; A.11.1; A.12.4; A.6.2; A.14.2	A.10.1 Cryptographic co classification; A.9.4 Syste control; A.11.1 Secure at monitoring; A.6.2 Mobil teleworking; A.14.2 Sec support processes
T2065 Config ure TLS for secure connections to App Service (Microsoft Azure)	A.13.2.1; AC-4(4); AC-17(2); AC-18(1); IA-3(1); SC-5(1); SC-7(10); SC-17(17); SC-8(1); SC-23(3); SI-4(2)	A.13.2.1 Information transfer policies and procedures; AC-4.4 Flow Control of Encrypted Information; AC-17.2 PROTECTION OF CONFIDENTIALITY/INTEGRITY USING ENCRYPTION; AC-18.1 Authentication and Encryption; IA-3.1 Cryptographic Bidirectional Authentication; SC-5.1 Restrict Ability to Attack Other Systems; SC-7.10 Prevent Exfiltration; SC-7.17 Automated Enforcement of Protocol Formats; SC-8.1 Cryptographic Protection; SC-23.5 Allowed Certificate Authorities; SI-4.2 Automated Tools and Mechanisms for Real-time Analysis	CHECKING ENCRYPTED INFORMATION CONTENT; DECRYPT INFORMATION; BLOCK FLOW OF ENCRYPTED INFORMATION; ENCRYPTION; SESSION CONFIDENTIALITY; SESSION INTEGRITY; SECURITY CATEGORIZATION; WIRELESS AUTHENTICATION; ENCRYPTION; CRYPTOGRAPHIC BIDIRECTIONAL AUTHENTICATION; REMOTE CONNECTIONS; RESTRICTION INTERMEDIARY USERS; SYSTEM ACCESS; EXFILTRATION; MANAGED INTERFACES; RESILIENCY; RESILIENCY ENFORCE PROTOCOL FORMATS; AUTOMATED; CRYPTOGRAPHIC MECHANISMS; ENCRYPTION; ALTERNATIVE PHYSICAL SECURE GUARDS; PREVENT UNAUTHORIZED DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION; DETECT CHANGES TO INFORMATION; CERTIFICATE AUTHORITY; CA; CERTIFICATES; SECURE SOCKET LAYER; SSL; TRANSPORT LAYER SECURITY; TLS; REAL-TIME ANALYSIS; AUTOMATED TOOLS; HOST-BASED; NETWORK-BASED; TRANSPORT-BASED; STORAGE-BASED; SECURITY INFORMATION; AND EVENT MANAGEMENT; ALERTS; NOTIFICATIONS; RESILIENCY; RESILIENCY	Secure Web Apps allows sites to run under both HTTP and HTTPS by default and Web apps can be accessed by anyone using non-secure connections.	Perform the following: - Redirect all HTTP traffic to HTTPS in Azure App Service. - Non-secure HTTP requests can be restricted and all HTTP requests redirected to the secure HTTPS port. It is recommended to enforce HTTPS-only traffic. - HTTPS uses the SSL/TLS protocol to provide a secure connection, which is both encrypted and authenticated. So it is important to support HTTPS for the security benefits. - Use the latest version of TLS encryption. - App service currently allows the web app to set TLS versions 1.0, 1.1 and 1.2. It is highly recommended to use the latest TLS 1.2 version, which is the recommended TLS level by industry standards, such as PCI DSS, for web app secure connections. - Set 'Client Certificates (incoming client certificates)' to 'On'. - The TLS mutual authentication technique in enterprise environments ensures the authenticity of clients to the server. If incoming client certificates are enabled, then only an authenticated client who has valid certificates can access the app.	Cryptography	A.10.1; A.13.2; A.14.1; A.14.2	A.10.1 Cryptographic co transfer; A.14.1 Syste information systems; A development and supp

This is an example of following this guidance.

Mappers benefit by mapping technical controls to frameworks, frameworks to client domains, configurations to policy

ment Testing ☆ > Cryptography

Test_ID	Mapped testi...	Mapped testing or practices:Test_ID	Mapped testing or practices:Problem Metadata	Risk Drivers	Detail Control Description (UCF)	Proble...	Mapped Proce...	Mapped Process
T1460_Encrypt sensitive data at rest in the browser	A.18.1.3; AC-16(5); AC-19(4); AU-13(3); SA-4(5); SA-8(20); SA-9(6); SC-12(3); SC-28(1); SC-28(2); SC-28(3); SI-12(2); SA-15(12); SI-19(3)	A.18.1.3 Protection of records; AC-16.5 Attribute Displays on Objects to Be Output; AC-19.4 Restrictions for Classified Information; AU-13.3 Unauthorized Replication of Information; SA-4.5 System, Component, and Service Configurations; SA-8.20 Secure Metadata Management; SA-9.6 Organization-controlled Cryptographic Keys; SC-12.3 Asymmetric Keys; SC-28.1 Cryptographic Protection; SC-28.2 Offline Storage; SC-28.3 Cryptographic Keys; SI-12.2 Minimize Personally Identifiable Information in Testing, Training, and Research; SA-15.12 Minimize Personally Identifiable Information; SI-19.3 Release	SECURITY ATTRIBUTE OUTPUT; OUTPUT DEVICES; PRIVACY ATTRIBUTE OUTPUT; UNCLASSIFIED MOBILE DEVICES; CLASSIFIED INFORMATION; INFORMATION REVIEW; INFORMATION INSPECTION; TRUSTED DISTRIBUTION; MASTER COPY; SECURITY CONFIGURATIONS; U.S. GOVERNMENT CONFIGURATION BASELINE; USGCB; FUNCTIONS; PORTS; PROTOCOLS; SERVICES; SECURITY CHARACTERISTICS; DEVELOPER PROVIDED; DEVELOPER; Security and Privacy Engineering Principles | Secure Metadata Management; CRYPTOGRAPHIC KEYS; EXCLUSIVE CONTROL; ASYMMETRIC KEYS; NSA-APPROVED; KEY MANAGEMENT TECHNOLOGY AND PROCESSES; PUBLIC KEY INFRASTRUCTURE; PKI; CLASS 3; CLASS 4; PRIVATE KEY; PUBLIC KEY; CRYPTOGRAPHIC PROTECTION; INFORMATION AT REST; OFF-LINE STORAGE; Protection of Information at Rest | Cryptographic Keys; PRIVACY; PERSONALLY IDENTIFIABLE INFORMATION; PII; DATA MINIMIZATION; Development Process, Standards, and Tools | Minimize Personally Identifiable Information; PRIVACY; PERSONALLY IDENTIFIABLE INFORMATION; PII	Storing plaintext sensitive data in client side local storage makes the data easily accessible by anyone who gains privileged access to the client system. This bypasses user authentication enforced by the application. In addition to data leakage in shared client environments, such as a public computer's browser, a cross-site scripting (XSS) flaw allows attackers to easily access sensitive data.	<p>The mechanism for encrypting data in the browser is driven by the requirement to gain access to the data while the application is offline (i.e., a Progressive Web App).</p> <p>__When offline access is not a requirement__ follow these steps:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">* Authenticate the user against the backend system* Request a salt from the client (see notes below)* Use the salt to generate a symmetric encryption key* Send the key to the client (see notes below)* Use the client key to encrypt and decrypt data at rest.* To regain access to encrypted data, follow these steps again using the existing salt. <p>__Note__: __ More detail is available in HOWTO section (Encrypt using a key obtained from the server) of this task.</p> <p>__When offline access is a requirement__ follow these steps:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">* Generate or retrieve a salt on the client (see notes below)* Prompt the user for a passphrase to initialize the encryption/decryption key* Use the user's passphrase and salt to generate a symmetric encryption key* Passphrases can be turned into cryptographic keys using a Password-Based Key Derivation Function (PBKDF)* PBKDF2 is a widely supported function that achieves this.* Use the key to encrypt and decrypt data at rest.* To regain access to encrypted data follow these steps again using the existing salt. <p>__Note__: __ More detail is available in HOWTO (Encrypt using a key generated from a user passphrase) section of this task.</p> <p>__Note__: __ The step here only concern access to encrypted data. User authentication against backend systems is a crucial part of a PWA running in online mode.</p> <p>__Additional Notes__:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">* The key is derived using a per-client salt* Use unique keys per client. An example of a client instance is a specific browser.* Key uniqueness is guaranteed by using a per-client salt.* Randomly generate the salt by the client and store it in the browser. When an existing salt is available, it should be reused.* The salt can be stored in Local Storage in plain text* The key is used in the browser to encrypt and decrypt locally stored data* Keep the key in memory on the client. Do not store the key in the browser.* When the client's browsing context is closed, the key will be dismissed.* The implementation of the encryption/decryption logic must be centralized* In an Angular application, these features are typically implemented using an application-wide service. Only this service handles the keys.	Cryptography	A.10.1; A.8.2; A.9.4; A.11.1; A.12.4; A.6.2; A.14.2	A.10.1 Cryptographic classification; A.9.4 Sy control; A.11.1 Secure monitoring; A.6.2 Mo teleworking; A.14.2 Si support processes
T1880_Encrypt data at rest for Lambda functions (AWS)	A.18.1.3; AC-16(5); AU-13(3); SA-4(5); SA-8(20); SC-12(3); SC-28(1); SC-28(2); SC-28(3); SI-12(2); SI-19(3)	A.18.1.3 Protection of records; AC-16.5 Attribute Displays on Objects to Be Output; AU-13.3 Unauthorized Replication of Information; SA-4.5 System, Component, and Service Configurations; SA-8.20 Secure Metadata Management; SC-12.3 Asymmetric Keys; SC-28.1 Cryptographic Protection; SC-28.2 Offline Storage; SC-28.3 Cryptographic Keys; SI-12.2 Minimize Personally Identifiable Information in Testing, Training, and Research; SA-15.12 Minimize Personally Identifiable Information; SI-19.3 Release	SECURITY ATTRIBUTE OUTPUT; OUTPUT DEVICES; PRIVACY ATTRIBUTE OUTPUT; TRUSTED DISTRIBUTION; MASTER COPY; SECURITY CONFIGURATIONS; U.S. GOVERNMENT CONFIGURATION BASELINE; USGCB; FUNCTIONS; PORTS; PROTOCOLS; SERVICES; SECURITY CHARACTERISTICS; DEVELOPER PROVIDED; DEVELOPER; Security and Privacy Engineering Principles Secure Metadata Management; ASYMMETRIC KEYS; NSA-APPROVED; KEY MANAGEMENT TECHNOLOGY AND PROCESSES; PUBLIC KEY INFRASTRUCTURE; PKI; CLASS 3; CLASS 4; PRIVATE KEY; PUBLIC KEY; CRYPTOGRAPHIC PROTECTION; INFORMATION AT REST; OFF-LINE STORAGE; Protection of Information at Rest Cryptographic Keys; PRIVACY; PERSONALLY IDENTIFIABLE INFORMATION; PII; DATA MINIMIZATION; Development Process, Standards, and Tools Minimize Personally Identifiable Information; PRIVACY; PERSONALLY IDENTIFIABLE INFORMATION; PII	Storage devices, such as memory cards, disks, and USB devices are normally accessible by other users and processes. For example, Android external storage could be available to all the running apps. If any sensitive data is stored in clear text on these devices, attackers could potentially read the data, if proper access control mechanisms are not implemented.	<p>Apply appropriate protections to ensure the data is encrypted at rest, if a Lambda function is responsible for storing sensitive data such as PII in cloud storage utilities.</p> <p>## Lambda /tmp/ Directory</p> <p>While it is possible to store data in the /tmp/ directory of a Lambda function. This is generally considered a poor location to store persistent data, especially sensitive PII. A resource [limit of 512 MB](https://docs.aws.amazon.com/lambda/latest/dg/limits.html) is also applied to the /tmp/ directory.</p> <p>## Environment Variable Encryption</p> <p>Environment variables used in Lambda functions are encrypted by default using AWS Key Management Service. When the function is invoked, the values are decrypted and made available to the Lambda code. Unless specified, the environment variable is encrypted using a default service key that AWS creates. If more control is needed over the encryption key it is possible to create a customer-managed key. Compliance requirements such as PCI DSS or SOC2 may require keys to be managed internally.</p> <p>It is best practice to enable helpers for encryption in transit for environment variables used by Lambda functions. This masks the value you entered and results in a call to AWS KMS to encrypt the value and return it as Ciphertext.</p> <p>## AWS S3 Data Encryption</p> <p>Data protection in AWS S3 can be accomplished by using either Server-Side Encryption (where the object is encrypted before it is saved to disk and decrypted when the object is downloaded), or Client-Side Encryption (where data is encrypted before it is uploaded to S3).</p> <p>## RDS Data Encryption</p> <p>If your Lambda function is responsible for storing data in a managed database such as RDS, encryption at rest can be enabled by simply choosing "Enable Encryption" in the RDS console. Keys can either be managed by AWS or by using customer-managed keys. The AES-256 encryption algorithm is used to store the underlying storage for DB instances as well as automated backups and snapshots.</p>	Cryptography	A.10.1; A.8.2; A.9.4; A.11.1; A.12.4; A.6.2; A.14.2; A.18.1	A.10.1 Cryptographic classification; A.9.4 Sy control; A.11.1 Secure monitoring; A.6.2 Mo teleworking; A.14.2 Si support processes; A. and contractual requi

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Solutions, Inc.

[illegible]

A Control area could have a minor finding – however the overall risk raised by that finding could be negligible
Other OFI could reveal a situation that is unmanaged, will occur again in multiple audits, and has potential for customer facing disruptions and loss of revenue.
Risk Management needs to Only Handle It Once – OHIO, but capture all the inputs, players, timing, and necessary resources for improvement

Recap: Management Strategy First + Why r5 Now

- GRC Mapping strategy:
Order-of-Operations
- Risk-> Goals-> Policies->Controls)



- Using NIST SP 800-53 r5 as the underpinning backbone assumes mapping to other major frameworks so the business “Only Handles Policy Once”. OHIO
- Use NIST 800-53 r5 as the mediating framework connecting architecture CMDB to CIS/DISA STIGs/OWASP/MITRE ATT&CK
- Use ISO/IEC 27001 with Cloud, Privacy and Processing as the Policy framework – commonly mapped to NIST SP 800-53 r4/r5 as part of NIST Appendix
- Use a RMF on top of your preferred framework (Could be SOC 2, CSTAR, ISO27, **HITRUST™, IMO use NIST CSF).
- Establish Categories for the Corporate Common Controls. Push those categories into Policies, Controls, Programs.

Summarizing and Take-Aways

- 1 Mapping accounts for the Risks & associated RACI of a program – so groupings should align with the common job assignments that would implement them.
- 2 Client based mapping begins with understanding the business programs and should account for domains (LOB) with isolated scope, such as Consumer, Cloud, Fed, Health & Human Service, Financial, Global, etc.
- 3 Language matching alone, rather than mapping to the recommended implementation guidance, results in guidance that's unusable.
- 4 Mapping accomplishes an aggregate Policy requirement that will and will always continue to be measured by product and by assessment event and will move at the pace of your slowest audit.



**Polling
Question
#5 from
ISC2 SV**

THANK YOU